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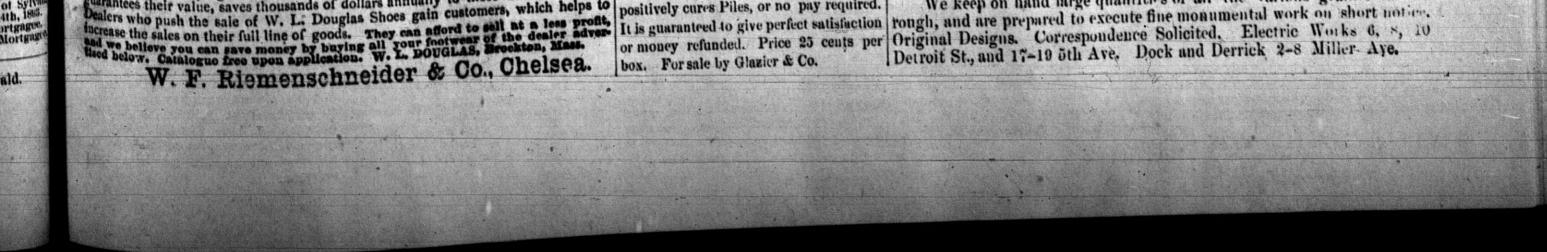
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We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granits in the



THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA. MICHIGAN. .

THE issue of Columbian stamps from January 2 to December 31, 1893, the period assigned to their distribution, is the subject of a statement which has been prepared by the postoffice department officials. The aggregate number issued to postmasters was 1,999,. 983,200.

INDICATIVE of the efforts that must be made to stay the ravages of a single species of predatory beast is the information that the state of California has paid out \$187,000 in bounties for coyote scalps, and has scalp claims against it to the amount of \$118,000 still unpaid.

M. Roux, a French physician, recommends as a cure for colds the inhalation of cologne water, poured on a handkerchief-by the nose if the cold is in the head, by the mouth if the cold is on the chest-and cites astonishing cures by this simple remedy-a little one for a scent.

AFRICA has become the great theater for colonial enterprise among European states, and by the occupation of Timbuctoo, which holds a commanding position between the Soudan and the Sahara, France shows that she intends to play a leading part in the drama of stratagems and spoils.

THERE were 33,136 locomotives engaged in hauling passengers and freight over the railways of this country last year; 8,848 in hauling passenger trains alone. To transport the passenger traffic of the country 28,875 cars were in operation. while for the conveyance of freight nearly half a million cars were required.

THE number of servants looking for work in Brooklyn is unprecedently large. Many of them are from New York and seem to think that a city of churches and homes ought to be just the place for them to find lucrative employment. Unfortunately for them, however, there are very few places to a very large number of applicants.

WILSON WINS.

The Tariff Bill of Which He Is the Author Passes the House-

The Income Tax Feature Is Adopted, as Well as the Amendments Placing Sugar and Woot on the Free List.

FINAL VOTE, 204 TO 140.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.-At 6 o'clock Thursday night, at the conclusion of one of the grandest, most imposing and most impressive scenes ever witnessed in the American capitol, the Wilson tariff bill passed the house of representatives by a vote of 204 to 140. The events leading up to it were almost unparalleled in our annals. At 12 o'clock, after a preliminary skirmish of an hour over the barley schedule, the bill was reported to the house and the closing speeches were made.

Women Faint in the Crowd.

Such a vast concourse as assembled to hear the last arguments upon the great economic issue about to be submitted for final arbitrament to the representatives of the American people had never before been seen within the precincts of the nation's legislative capitol. Nothing like it was ever known in the history of the oldest inhabitant of the capital.

For hours before the debate began the corridors leading to the galleries were a surging mass of humanity, which finally became so great that men cried out in terror and women fainted in fright. It was estimated that over 20,000 persons attempted to gain admittance to the galleries of the house. Their seating capacity is about 3,000, and every available seat was occupied long before the gavel dropped. The people were lined against the walls and banked against the doors; so great did the crush become that the members of the house secured permission to bring their

wives upon the floor. A Brilliant Audience.

When Mr. Reed, the first speaker, arose at last to deliver the final plea for protection the overhanging galleries were black and dense with the spectators who thronged them. Every inch of space upon the floor was taken. It was a brilliant as well

as a large assembly. Only ten of the 854 members of the house were absent. Many grave and reverend senators and other distinguished personages were on the floor, and in the galleries were Mrs. Cleveland, Mrs. Vice President Stevenson and other ladies of eminence and distinction, their dresses flecking the scene with color. The "Big Three." Then for three hours the oratory of the champions of the economic systems followed-Reed, Crisp and Wilson-while their partisans made the air vocal with their shouts of approval. The appearance of the speaker of the house upon the floor engage in debate was, in itself, a remarkable as well as an unusual thing. Each of the speakers seemed to be in his best form and the speeches which they delivered Thursday will rank among the most brilliant of their lives. When these were finished Mr. Wilson, who spoke last, was lifted on the shoulders of his admiring colleagues and carried triumphantly from the hall amhe a scene of unmatched enthusiasm. The Voting Begins. The time had now arrived to vote on the bill and pending amendments, but the disorder was so great that the sergeant-at-arms was called upon to clear the aisles and the wives of members who had been allowed upon the floor were obliged to retire. It took twenty minutes to restore order, so that the public business could proceed. The speaker then announced that there were two pending amendmentsthat the committee on ways and means to increase the duty on barley from 20 to 25 per cent. ad valorem, and on barley malt from 25 to 35 per cent., and the amendment of Mr. Tawney (rep., Minn.) to increase the duty to 22 cents a bushel on barley and 32 cents on barley malt. The first vote was taken on the Tawney amendment, which was lost upon a yea and nay vote of 120 to 197. The committee amendment was

but could only muster five votes to his id. The amendment fixing the date as December 2 when the manufactured woolen schedule should go into effect Death in Philadelphia of George was also adopted-200 to 136.

Mr. Johnson again being unable to secure the yeas and nays, the vote was then taken upon the amendment providing for reciprocity in petroleum, and it was carried-177 to 47.

Vote on the Income Tax.

The last amendment to be voted upon was that providing for the income tax. Mr. Cox demanded the yeas and nays upon this amendment. It was significant that the republicans refused to second the demand for the yeas and nays, but enough democrats arose (fifty-one) to order the roll-call. It was then found that the income tax could not be voted upon as a separate proposition, the speaker deciding in accordance with a precedent, which he cited, that the internal revenue amendment having been reported as a single amendment could not be divided. The vote, therefore, was upon the entire rejection of the internal revenue amendment.

The republicans, with few excep. tions, refused to vote, but the amendment, including the income tax, was adopted-182 to 50.

The populists voted in the affirmative, as did the following republicans: Bowers (Cal.), Fletcher (Mo.), Hartmann (Mont.), Marsh (Ill.), Pickler (S. D.), White (O.) and Sweet (Idaho).

Those who voted against the amendment were:

Babcock (rep., Wis.), Bartlett, Beltzhoover, Brawley, Brosius (rep., Pa.), Cadmus, Campbell, Causey, Clancey, Cockran, Campton, Coombs, Cornish, Covert, Cummings, Davey, De Forest, Dunn, Dunphy, English, Everett, Fielder, Geissenhainer, Haines, Harter, Hendrix, Lapham, Lockwood, Manger, McAleer, M. Call (rep., Mass.), McKaig, Meyer, Moore (rep., Mass.), Mutchler, O'Neill, Page, Powers (rep., VL), Price, Hayner, Reilley, Rusk, Ryan, Schermerhorn, Scranton (rep., Pa.), Sickles, Sperry, Stevens, Talbott (Md.), Warner and Wolverton

Passed by a Majority of 64.

Then came the final vote on the bill Atself, on which a yea and nay vote was asked and granted by a rising vote. The roll-call was watched with marked attention, and frequent bursts of applause greeted accessions to one side or the other. Beltzhoover (dem., Pa.) was the first to win applause by his yea vanians were falling into line. Immediately after this, Blanchard (dem., La.) was applauded as he voted yea the following years witnessed the consummaand showed that the Louisianian op- tion of his cherished ambition-he was the tact. Mr. Cockran's vote in favor cheering. demonstration was reached when the name of Mr. Wilson, author of the bill, was reached, the democrats cheering vociferously as a final recognition of paying in the United States his leadership. The speaker asked that his name be called and he answered in the affirmative. Then the speaker announced "On this question the yeas are 204 and the nays are 140 and the bill is passed."

A GOOD MAN GONE.

W. Childs.

The Famous Journalist and Philanthro pist Succumbs to an Atlack of Paralysis-Account of His Career and Work.

HE WAS A MAN BELOVED. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 5.-G. W. Childs. proprietor of the Public Ledger, died this morning at 3:01 o'clock at his residence at the southeast corner of Twenty-second and Walnut streets from the effects of a stroke of paralysis sustained by him January 19.

George William Childs was born in Baltimore, Md., May 12, 1829. He was educated at private schools in his native city, and when 14 years old removed to Philadelphia. Soon afterward he became a clerk in a book store and after a service of four years there opened a small store of his own in the old Ledger building at Third and Chestnut streets. In due time he became a publisher of books and at the



GEORGE W. CHILDS.

age of 21 was at the head of the firm of Childs & Peterson. Even at that early day Mr. Childs' ambitions and inclinations were well formed. He had decided to be a newspaper publisher, and it is related that soon after he engaged in business in the Ledger building he stated that some day he intended to be the proprietor of the paper. But meanwhile he achieved considerable success in the publishing businessmany of the works issued by Childs & Peterson being of intrinsic excellence, among them bevote, indicating that the Pennsyl- ing "Dr. Allicone's Dictionary of English and American Authors." Other standard works were brought out in profusion.

In 1863 Mr. Childs retired from the firm and

TWO MEN KILLED.

Fatal Explosion of Dynamite on the III. pois Drainage Canal.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.-By two accidental explosions of a dynamite cartridge in a cut on section 13 of the drainage canal near Romeo Saturday noon two men were killed and three injured. One of the two men killed, an Italian laborer, was horribly mangled and died instant. ly, the other, Contractor Comer, died at 11:15 Sunday night. The wounded men were all Italian laborers.

The accident occurred at 11:43 a. m. Saturday. Contractor Comer was watching a gang of a dozen laborers engaged in "mucking" in one corner "Mucking," it may of the cut. be explained, is gathering up the rock loosened by the blast and loading it into large buckets that hold a ton, which are hoisted up from the ditch and off to one side and dumped. Tesavi, the laborer who was killed, was using a pick, the others were using crowbars or picking up pieces and tossing them into the bucket. Tesavi aimed a blow at a point in the debris near which there had been a charge. As the pick struck the rock there was a deafening explosion that filled the air with fragments of the rock. Tesavi and the half dozen men standing nearest him were hurled a dozen feet away, and the others of the squad of laborers were thrown violently to the ground. Five of them failed to rise when the smoke and dust of the explosion had cleared away.

All together there were forty men at work in the pit when the explosion occurred. For a moment they were too frightened to do anything, but they quickly recovered and hurried to the rescue of the injured. Tesavi, who was using the pick, was so frightfully mangled and so covered with the dirt and dust that he was scarcely recognizable as a human being. His principal wound was a great gaping hole in the abdomen, through which a fragment of rock as large as a man's fist had plowed its way. His face was battered into a pulp and his body was literally covered with wounds and bruises. Upon examination by the coroner Saturday it was found that there were fully 500 wounds upon his body.

Contractor Comer was standing 49 feet away when the explosion came. A fragment of rock, weighing, perhaps, tifty pounds, struck him in the right illiac region and a smaller piece struck him on the abdomen near the right hip and penetrated to the peritoneum. He was knocked senseless. He was picked up and carried to the office of the firm, 100 yards away. Dr. J. H. Browning, the surgeon of the works, was sent for. He chanced to be in another part of the camp at the time and did not reach Mr. Comer for thirty minutes. By that time he had recovered consciousness and was suffering excrutiating agony. His entire right side was badly discolored and covered with blood from the wound made by the smaller stone. He lingered thirtysix hours, retaining consciousness nearly to the last, and expired at 11:15 Sunday night. Christopher Tesavi, a cousin of the man, was so covered with wounds the surgeons were obliged to swathe his face and the upper part of his body in white, leaving only his nose free. Dr. Browning counted forty separate wounds upon his face. The wounds of the three injured were dressed and they were made as comfortable as possible in the rude office until Sunday noon, when carriages were procured from Lockport and they were removed to the hospital at Joliet. All will recover. No one is blamed for the accident, which was caused by one of the charges of dynamite used in blasting missing fire., Four cartridges containing twelve ounces of dynamite each were placed in the solid rock on Saturday and fired. For some reason one of the charges failed to explode. The remaining were sufficient to tear away the rock, and of course it was not possible to know that the other charge remained, so the workmen began their task of clearing away the debris. When that part of the debris was reached where the unexploded charge lay it was examined and as the rock looked as if it had been fired the workinen kept on with no thought of danger until Tesavi's pick struck a cartridge with such deadly effect.

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WHENEVER a cold snap visits Fort Myers far down in sub-tropical Florida, the inhabitants, who have no method of heating their houses, come out into the streets and keep warm by sitting round great fires of wood. The cold snaps are rare, but when they come everybody, even the northern visitor, is thoroughly uncomfortable.

EDWARD ATKINSON has been investigating figures regarding the unemployed in this country and gives it as his opinion, that the number has been exaggerated. He does not believe the number exceeds 1,150,000 and insists that even this number is largely swelled by an army of permanently unemployed, those who are voluntarily idle-tramps.

GEN. GORDON'S recent visit to Philadelphia resulted in the restoration to him of the fatigue cap he was wearing at the time he was shot down at Antietam thirty years ago. It had been carried away as a trophy by the old negress who nursed him when the battle was over, and after passing through many hands it came into the possession of Mrs. Hector Tyndale, who restored it to the general.

A. R. SUTTON, a Chicago engineer, is working on a plan to connect the great lakes with the Atlantic as a private enterprise. He proposes to deepen the Welland canal and connect it with Lake Ontario by a cut to the Niagara near Thorold, Ont.; then deepen the St. Lawrence, cut a canal south to Lake Champlain, and from its southern point, Whitehall, dig a canal to the Hudson river at Troy or Albany.

DENYING the statement that James Whitcomb Riley served a long apprenticeship as a reporter, the Cleveland Plain Dealer says that the poet never had but one assignment. He was sent to report a meeting and on his return labored three hours to write a prose account of it. Finally he went to the editor and said that he would fix the report up in poetry and the editor could have it put in prose.

On every Christmas day since the Napoleonic invasion of Russia in 1812 a prayer has been recited in all the churches of the czar's empire calling down the curses of Heaven upon the French. Indeed, the anathema formed part of the Christmas day liturgy of the orthodox church. Last Christmas it was for the first time omitted by order of the emperor and in deference to the susceptibilities of his new ally.

ALUMINIUM cooking utensils and articles of tableware begin to be displayed by house-furnishing shops. There are frying pans, pepper boxes, chafing dishes, ladles, funnels and many other sutensils, large and small. A frying pan of large size costs \$2, which is pretty high for a frying pan. The smaller articles are not greatly above the price of like well made articles of other ware. Medium-sized funnels, for example, cost 75 cents. The advantage of the aluminium utensils over most others is that they weigh almost nothing and are not subject to corrosion.

agreed to-202 to 104 Free Wool and Sugar.

The speaker then announced that the vote was upon the amendments adopted by the committee of the whole. Mr. Johnson (O.) demanded a separate vote on the wool and woolen amendments. Mr. English (dem., N. J.) upon the income tax and upon the petroleum amendment. The other amendments, including that amendment abolishing the bounty on sugar and that placing refined sugar on the free list were then agreed to in bulk without division. The first amendment which Mr. Johnson desired a separate vote upon was that placing wool upon the free list immediately upon the passage of the bill. This amendment having been vitlated by a later amendment placing the date at August 2, a point of order was raised that the latter amendment must first be voted upon, but after some discussion the chair decided that the Johnson amendment must first be voted upon to perfect. the text and that the real test would

Summary of the Vote.

The vote summarized is as follows: Yeas, 204: democrats, 198: republicans, 0; people's party, 6. Nays, 140; democrats, 18; republicans, 121: people's party, 1. Total, 344. Democrats voting against it were Bartlett, Campbell, Covert, Cummings, Haines, Hendrix, Schermerhorn and Sickles, of New York; Cadmas, of New Jersey; Sperry and Page, of Connecticut; Geary of California; Cooper, of Wisconsin; Sibley, of Pennsylvania; and Devey, Meyer, Price and Robertson, of Louisiana.

Democrats Were Happy.

When the speaker announced the vote cheer followed cheer upon the democratic side, papers, hats, congressional records and, in fact, everything which the democrats could lay their hands upon, were flung high in the air, and amid a perfect pandemonium of joy the house adjourned.

FIRE IN CHICAGO.

A Big Warehouse and Several Dwellings . Are Destroyed.

CHICAGO, Feb. 3 .- The big five-story brick warehouse of Felix & Marston, wholesale dealers in wooden and willow ware, at Henry street and Stewart avenue, has been totally destroyed by fire and a number of lives were endangered. The building, which was 100 feet wide by 175 feet long, extending south half a block to West Fifteenth street, was valued at \$60,000, and with the stock, estimated at \$75,000, is a complete loss. Felix & Marston's loss, aggregating \$135,000, is covered by insurance. Three or four frame cottages owned by poor people were crushed to pieces by the falling walls of the warehouse, and hard work by the firemen barely prevented the flames from spreading toward Canal street. William Snooks, who was eaught on the second floor, where it is supposed the fire started, leaped to the street below and was internally injured. While standing at the window hesitating, the flames swooped down upon him and burned him badly about the head. He did not wait longer, but dropped 30 feet into the street, where he was picked up by the police and carried to his home at 649 Henry street.

Michigan Farmers' Clubs Combine. LANSING, Mich., Feb. 2 .- The Michi-

position to the bill was not in- owner of the Philadelphia Public Ledger. True, when he acquired control of the property the Ledger was unremunerative; but soon of the bill brought out tumultuous after his energy, his enterprise and his The climax of the determination to make it succeed won him abundant success. The Ledger sprang suddenly into public favor and has continued to this day the most profitable newspaper in Philadelphia, and, indeed, one of the best

> At his own expense Mr. Childs caused a stained glass window to be placed in Westminster Abbey in commemoration of the poets, William Cowper and George Herbert, and he also caused a monument to be placed over the hitherto unmarked grave of Leigh Hunt in Kensal Green. He rendered a similar service to the memory of Edgar Allan Poe, and was the largest subscriber to the fund collected in this country by Gen. Wilson and in England by Samuel C. Hall for the purpose of placing a memortal window for the poet Thomas Moore in the church in Bromham, where Moore and "Bessie" are interred. In 1868 he gave to the Philadelphia Typographical society the printers' cemetery, Woodlands, with a liberal sum, the interest on which is to be expended in keeping the grounds in order.

Mr. Childs took an especial interest in the printers, and nowhere will his death be more deeply deplored than in the composing rooms. It was well that he should provide a resting place for the printer after death, but he did better-inade provisions for such of them as became unequal to the struggle for life. In company with the late A. J. Drexel. of Philadelphia, he endowed the Printers' home at Colorado Springs, Col. They gave \$10,000 to start the fund and the Typographical union made up the remainder by assessments, providing for the maintenance of the home in like manner.

The holiday season was the most delightful portion of the year to him, for it was then he had the greatest opportunity for giving. His employes always received a Christmas gift of from \$10 to \$500 in their pay envelopes Christmas week.

Mr. Childs attri buted his success to the fact that he always attended to his own business and never interfered with others. He had two proverbs which were the guiding rules of his conduct. 'One was: "Do your best; let go the rest." The other was: "What can't be cured must be endured." Another secret of his success was the care he gave his men. Those who worked honestly and faithfully for him always received more than their stipulated salaries. He always gave them every encouragement to make them successful. He watched their personal habits. If they were not inclined to save he tempted them to become economical by making good investments for them, so that they were obliged to save in order to carry on the investment. As a rule all of the employes of the Ledger who have familes live in houses of their own bought and paid for by Mr. Childs, who, in return, has only received back the principal advanced. He insured the lives of all the principal men of his paper and paid the premiums himself. Some of the leading men in his office have such insurance upon their lives to the amount of \$25,000. This kind proprietor watched more carefully after the interests of those under him than the average man looks after himself. He paid them all good wages; he lodged them in the most luxurious of quarters: he never made an over-deupon their attention; he insured mand their lives for their families: he bought them homes and established them, and when they were broken down with the steady grind of their daily work he sent them off for a vacation with their families and paid the expenses of these families as well as their own. When they became old and broken down in his service he retired them upon full pay. No man in the United States in an unofficial

capacity ever had a wider or a more intimate acquaintance with great men than Mr. Childs.

CUT IN THE FIGURES.

Civil Appropriations Are Reduced Over \$9.000.000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.-The sundry civil appropriation bill has been reported to the house. It appropriates a total of \$32,291,382 for the fiscal year 1895. The bill for 1894 carried \$41,716,311, or \$9,409,928 more than for this year. Estimates for 1895 submitted to the appropriation committee were for \$38,881,002. The greatest saving is in the item of the river and harbor work, for carrying on of which \$8,300,000 is recommended, while for 1894 the amount was \$14,166,153. For public buildings and grounds the appropriation drops to \$647,000 from \$1,077,500 for 1894, although the estimates for

corie upon the amendment to gan State Association of Farmers' strike out the words "immediately after | clubs was organized Thursday by delethe passage of the bill" and insert "on gates from the various farmers' clubs and after August 2." The Johnson of the state. Concerted action is inamendment was therefore agrees to tended to be taken by the various clubs, without division. The other amend- through the state organization, upon ment was agreed to--205 to 147. Mr. questions of general importance to the Johnson tried to get the yeas and nays, farming community.

His friendship for Gen. Grant was most nota-ble, particularly when the general met with the reverses which hastened his death. rent expenses. Artificial limbs are Mr. Childs' private office in the Ledger buildrent expenses: Artificial limbs are: ing was little less than a museum, the exhibits soldiers from \$647,000 to for being mementos of the many great men in lit-\$196,000; claims, back pay and bounties erature, art, statecraft and war who esteemed to soldiers from \$750,000 to \$440,000; him as a friend or benefactor. It was a great blow to the owner when fire destroyed the Ledger office, and with it most of these treas-ures, and the whole country sympathized with light houses from \$389,500 to \$286,600; the principal new appropriation is \$150-, 000 for new vessels for the revenue service.

LEADERS TALK.

the Closing Speeches of the Great Tariff Debate.

In Reed Champions the Cause of Protection, While Speaker Crisp and Mr. Wilson Urge the Passage of the Bill.

GIANTS OF DEBATE,

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.-Aside from the great attendance and the final vote on and passage of the tariff bill, the features of the session of the house on Thursday were the speeches, closing the debate, of Mr. Reed (rep., Me.), Speaker Crisp, and Mr. Wilson (dem., W. Va.), the author of the measure. Promptly at noon the committee of the whole rose and the chairman (Mr. Richardson), according to parliamentary formula, reported that the committee of the whole had had under consideration house bill 4,864 (tariff bill) and reported it to the house with sundry mendments. The speaker then anpeanced that three hours would be allowed for closing debate. He recognized Mr. Reed, and the republican leader rose amid the wild cheering and hand-clapping of the galleries and the huzzas of his party friends about him. Mr. Reed frowned and shook his head as though the demonstration were distasteful to him. He waited for the applause to cease. Standing in the aisle, clad in a long Prince Albert coat, with head erect and defiant, he looked sphysical and intellectual giant.

Says the Bill Satisfies No One.

When the applause had finally subsided Mr. Reed began his speech. He

"In this debate, which has extended over many weeks, one remarkable result has already been reached, a result of the deepest impormance to this country. The result is that the bill before us is odious to both sides of the house. It meets with favor nowhere and commands the respect of neither party. On this side we believe that while it pretends to be for protection it does not afford it and on the other side they believe that while it looks toward free trade it does not accomplish it. Those who will vote against this bill will do so because it opens our markets to the destructive competition of foreigners, and those who vote for it do it with a reservation that they will instantly devote themselves to a new crusade against whatever barriers are

"It is evident that there is no ground for the hope entertained by so many moderate men that this bill, bad as it is, could be a place where our manufacturing and

there was a burst of applause which swelled in-to a tumultuous demonstration as the enthu-stastic galleries gave shouts, hurrahs and sharp whistles which are often heard in theaters but seldom in the halls of congress. Mr. Reed bowed his acknowledgment to the

demonstration, and, without resuming his seat or waiting for the many hands extended to congratulate him, made his way back to the republican cloakroom. Half way up the aisle he was met by a page bearing a huge basket of American Beauty and La France roses.

Speaker Crisp Begias His Speech. While the demonstration was going on

Speaker Crisp relinquished the chair to Mr. Hatch (Mo.) and assumed the old seat which he occupied in the days before he was elevated to the speakership. When he arose in his place he received an ovation.

As Mr. Crisp proceeded he was given generous applause by his democratic associates on the floor, but his points were of an argumentative character, which appealed to the students of the question rather than to the galleries. He read from the minority report and criticised that feature which declared that the foreigner paid the tax.

Not a Benefit to Labor.

After his opening introductory remarks Mr. Crisp declared that an examination of the protective system would show that while it was built up for the ostensible benefit of labor it was in truth constructed for the benefit of the manufacturing classes. He pointed out that the wages of laborers in protected industries went down and those in unprotected industries went up as a result of the McKinley act. This was shown by the statistics gathered by the senate committee on finance. The speaker referred to the artificial condition created by protection. It took men, he said, from their natural channels and diverted them to unnatural channels. The same was true in the diversions made in the channels of trade. Protection was a Chinese wall which not only shut out the world but shut in the United States.

Reed's Argument One of Prejudice.

Mr. Crisp was greeted with applause when he said that the thirty years of protection was a period of unrest during which the masses of people had constantly rebelled against the heavy burdens of taxation. The people had always been stilled at the pol's by the reputlican promises to reduce the tariff, but once successful at the polls, the republican legislators surrendered themselves body and soul to the manufacturing classes. The speaker declared that the gentleman (Mr. Reed) had throughout his speech refrained from the arguments of reason and had used only those of prejudice.

He pointed to the Chinese as an example of what had resulted from a protective policy of hundreds of years, which had sought to make China rich by trading with itself. Mr. Crisp said that for twenty-five years the democratic party had been trying to get into power. It had told the people that if given power it would reduce the burdens of taxation. The people had accepted this promise and given the party power. This tariff was a redemption of these pledges to the people. It was not a perfect bill, but it was a step in the right direction.

Cheers for the Income Tax.

In referring to various features of the bill ha spoke of an income tax, which brought out ong and loud applause from the strong income

100 Bushels Wheat from Two Acres. This remarkable yield was reported by Frank Close, Minnesota, on two acres of Marvel Spring Wheat. Speaking of this wheat, this new sort takes the cake. It is the greatest cropping spring wheat in the world. Farmers who tried it in the past season believe seventy-five to one hundred bushels can be grown from one acre, and are going to get this yield for 1894. At such yield wheat pays at 80c a bushel. Salzer is the largest grower of vegetable and farm seed in the world. [K]

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 7c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get free their mammoth catalogue and a package of above spring wheat. [**K**]

AFTER the Ceremony.-Groom-"I say, will you see the minister for me? I.-I quite forgot the wedding fee." Father-in-law-"Young man, you are beginning early. I expected you back from your wedding tour before this began."

8100 Reward, 8100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curabollars for any case that it fails to cura-tive powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & Co, Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills, 25 cents.

WHEN you borrow trouble you will confer a fayor by not returning it.-Galveston News.

THE MARKETS.

| the second se | | |
|---|--------|---------------|
| NEW | YORK. | Feb. 4. |
| LIVE STOCK-Cattle | 84 00 | @ 5 25 |
| Sheep | 2 00 | @ 3 50 |
| Hogs | 5 75 | 6 6 2) |
| FLOUR-Winter Patents | | @ 3 50 |
| Minnesota Patents | | @ 3 95 |
| WHEAT-No. 2 Red | 663 | 60 66% |
| Ungraded Red | 62 | @ 67 |
| CORN-No. 2 | 424 | 40 43% |
| Ungraded Mixed | 423 | 40 43% |
| OATS-Track Mixed Western. | 34 | @ 35½ |
| RYE-Western | 50 | @ 57% |
| PORK-Mess, New | | 14 50 |
| LARD-Western | 7 95 | 6 8 00 |
| BUTTER-Western Creamery. | | @ 27 |
| Western Dairy | 13 | 600 17 |
| CHICAGO. | | |
| BEEVES-Shipping Steers | \$2 80 | @ 5 50 |
| Cow | | 10 2 85 |
| Stockers | 0 10 | @ 3 0) |

Feeders..... 3 00 @ 3 80

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U.S. Gov't Report.



ABSOLUTELY PURE

Par's Reply.—The butcher was shoveling a big drift of snow from the walk in front of his shop when Pat came along and asked for a job. The butcher refused. Pat per-sisted. "No," said the butcher. "How will I get exercise if I let you shovel it!" "Eat-ing your meat," rejoined Pat, as he shoul-dered his shovel and marched on.—Utica Observer.

THE borrower is a good deal like pie crust -he is very "short" and very sweet.-Truth.

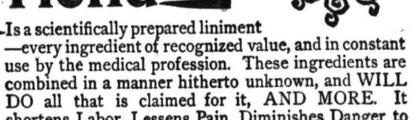
AN "As You Like It" club has been formed in Wichita. The motto of the club will probably be: "Same here."-Kansas City Star.

WIBBLE-"There' only one way to decide whether marriage is a failure." Wabble-"How?" Wibble-"Match for it."-Indianapolis Journal.

THE pump man is one who seldom wearies in well doing.-Buffalo Courier.



Mothers' Friend Is a scientifically prepared liniment



The Washing of the Feet

shortens Labor, Lessens Pain, Diminishes Danger to Life of Mother and Child. Sent by Express on Receipt of Price, \$1.50 per Bottle.

Book to "MOTHERS" mailed FREE, containing voluntary testimonials

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga. Sold by All Druggists

roductive industries, such as may survive, an reestablish themselves or have a sure foundation for the future, free from party bickering and party strife. Hence, also, there can be no foundation for that cry, so insidiously raised, that this bill should be passed at once, because uncertainty is worse than any bill can possibly be. So utterly undisputed and so distinctly visible to every human being in this audience has been our growth and progress that whatever the future industrial system of this country may be, the past system is a splendid monument to that series of successful statesmen who found the country bankrupt and distracted and left it first on the list of nations."

Advantages of the American Market.

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Mr. Reed eulogized the American market as being the best in the world, owing to the high wages paid here enabling workingmen to purchase largely of the comforts of life. Instead of increasing this market, he said, by leaving it to the steady increase of wages which the figures of the Aldrich report so conclusively show, and which have not only received the sanction of the members from New York but of the secretary of the treasury and the demotratic bureau of statistics, by this action our committee proposes to lower wages and so lessen the market and then divide that market with somebody else, and all on the chance of setting the markets of the world. Mr. Reed continued:

"To add to the interesting impossibilities of this contention the orators on the other side say they are going to maintain wages. How can that be possible? All things seil at the cost of production. If the difference between cost of production here and cost of production in England be not equalized by the duty, then our tost of production must go down or we must go out. Our laws have invited money and men and we have grown great and rich thereby.

"To sum it up, if this protection gives us money and men, and our vast country needs both, it may show why we have so wonderfully prospered. If it does I am inclined to think hat the way to have two jobs hunting one man is to keep on making new mills and try to prevent the committee on ways and means from pulling down old ones.

But What About the Farmer?

"But what do you say about the farmer? Well, on that subject I do not profess any Special learning, but there is one simple statement I wish to make and leave the question there. If with cities growing up like magic, manufacturing villages dotting every eligible site each and all swarming with mouths to be filed, the producers of food are worse off than Then half this country was a desert, I abandon sense in favor of political economy.

"It the hope of agriculturists is in English hee trade they had better ponder on the fact hat while the wages of artisans have increased h England #2.43 per week since 1850 the wages spicultural laborers have only increased 72 ats, and while the Lancashire operatives in the factories live as well as anybody, except ericans, the agricultural laborers are hardbetter off than the continental peasantry. agiand's example will not do for agriculture.

When a Tariff Will Raise Wages.

"Here let me meet one other question, and the make it fairly. We are charged with aving claimed that the tariff alone will raise ages. We have never made such a claim in aim for us to triumphantly knock it over. What we do say is that where two nations have qual skill and equal appliances and a market arly equal and one of them can hire labor at shalf less, nothing but a tariff can maintain the higher wages, and that we can prove.

We are the only rival that England fears, we alone have in our borders the population ad the wages, the raw material, and within seives the great market which into us the most improved maaery. Our constant power to increase wages insures us

tax element in the house. He cited a speech of Senator Sherman delivered twenty years ago to the effect that a tax which fell heaviest on consumption and did not bear heavily on the wealth and incomes of the country was intrinsically wrong. Mr. Crisp supported the income tax in vigorous terms. He said \$30,000,000 of tax on accumulated wealth was but a small tribute in return for the benefits it received.

Mr. Crisp closed with an eloquent appeal to his democratic associates to waive minor objections and to look at the great democratic principles involved. "Let us stand together," he said. "Let us pass this bill and it will bring gladness to the consuming masses, to the farmer, to the laborer and to the American people.

There was a triple round of applause as the speaker closed. A page walked toward him with a large potted plant with red flowers above, surrounded with white roses below. The applause continued for more than a minute, during which Mr. Crisp was warnly congratulated. He left the body of the house and returned to the speaker's desk.

Mr. Wilson Closes the Debate.

Mr. Wilson at once arose to close the debate. He was greeted with great cheers. Mr. Wilson eloquently portrayed the advance of freedom. This bill, he said, was but one of those advances. No McKinley bill could stem the advance of human progress. Great causes could not be laughed or ridiculed away, and the gentleman from Maine could not draw from his armory of sarcasm and wit in order to stop the advance of this cause of lightening the burdens of taxation.

Mr. Wilson then related the story of the English herring merchant who wrote to Sir Robert Peel that he did not want free trade as to herring, as it would let in Norwegian herring, but that on other goods he was a thorough free trader. Mr. Wilson appealed to his fellowdemocrats not to allow any herring arguments to impede the movement toward the overthrow of the protective system.

Denies Charges of Sectionalism.

Referring to an income tax Mr. Wilson said he had not wanted it attached to this bill, but once so attached, he supported it with all the loyalty at his command. There was continued applause as Mr. Wilson denied the charges of sectionalism in the bill. He said that the animating feeling of those who had framed this biil was to make this country one in which one man would not be taxed for another, one in which religion, science, culture and education would go hand in hand as the common, untaxed heritage of every citizen.

Mr. Wilson closed with an eloquent appeal to his fellow-democrats. He told them that the record of the house would permanently record no passing event, but a great epoch in American history. He wanted every democratic name recorded on that historic roll. In that case, he said, the day would be a proud and happy one for him. His closing words were: "In the name of honor, in the name of freedom, I summon every democrat to vote for this bill."

Wilson Carried Out in Triumph.

Mr. Wilson's glowing peroration aroused the democrats and the galleries to the highest pitch of enthusiam, and the demonstration which followed his last words has seldom been equaled in the house. The whole democratic any such form. Free traders have set up that side rose to its feet; books and records were thrown into the air: cheer followed cheer: the people in the galleries joined with voice and hands in the tribute. Before Mr. Wilson could sit down three of the democratic members, bubbling over with enthusiasm-Messrs Johnson (O.), Tucker (Va.) and Bryan (Neb.)-rushed up the aisle, lifted Mr. Wilson upon their shoulders and carried him in triumph to the rear of the hall; where for ten minutes he listened to the words of praise that were showered upon him. It was a remarkable demonstration in every re-

| Butchers' Steers | 2 75 | @ 3 | 30 |
|--------------------------|---------|--------------|------|
| Bulls | 1 50 | 6 3 | 50 |
| HOGS | 4 95 | @ 5 | 40 |
| SHEEP | 1 50 | 6 3 | 75 |
| BUTTER-Creamery | 18 | | 26 |
| Dairy | 12 | | 21 |
| EGGS-Fresb. | 13 | 40 | 1314 |
| BROOM CORN- | | • | |
| Western (rer ton) | 25 00 | @ 60 | 00 |
| Western Dwarf | 50 00 | @70 | |
| Illinois, Good to Choice | 50 00 | 673 | 00 . |
| POTATOES (per bu.) | 46 | [®] | 55 |
| PORK-Mess | 12 57% | 46012 | |
| LARD-Steam. | 7 374 | @ 7 | 45 |
| FLOUR-Spring Patents | 3 50 | (4) 3 | |
| Spring Straights | 2 65 | @ 2 | |
| Winter Patents | 2 8) | | 15 |
| | 2 65 | | 93 |
| Winter Straights | 60 | ã. | 60% |
| GRAIN-Wheat, No. 2 | 35 | â | 85% |
| Copn. No. 2 | | õ. | 28% |
| Oa18, No. 2 | | ä | 44% |
| Rye, No. 2. | 50 | ä | 54 |
| Barley, Choice to Fancy | | 0 | ~ |
| LUMBER- | 15 00 | @22 | 50 |
| Siding | | @36 | |
| Flooring | 14 00 | @14 | |
| Common Boards | .0.00 | @10 | |
| Fencing | 0 10 | 6 2 | 45 |
| Lath, Dry | 73 738 | ä | 00 |
| Shingles | | 6 | ~ ~ |
| - KANSAS CITY | | | |
| CATTLE-Shipping Steers | 84 00 | | 10 |
| Stockers and Feeders. | . # 10 | | |
| HOGS | . 4 90 | | |
| SHEEP | . z 00 | 6 | 3 50 |
| OMAHA. | | | |
| CATTLE-Steers | . (2 50 | 0. | 4 50 |
| Feeders | . 2 20 | 6 | 3 50 |
| TOOR | p 15 | CA ! | 5 25 |

HOGS..... b 15 @ 5 25 SHEEP.... 2 25 @ 3 30

\$250 PER BRL

BEST \$3 SHOE

GENUINE

WELT,

oueakless.

BOTTOM WATERPROO

W.L. DOUGLAS, BRO



KNOWLEDGE Brings comfort and improvement and

tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kid-neys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every

gets to be a weighty matter, in these days when colored stockings will shed their colors. Pearline does this work beautifully.

It's not only thoroughly effective, but it's healthy. Doctors recommend Pearline as a soak for rheumatism.

Try it in the bath. It will give you a new idea of cleanliness, Bathing with Pearline is a perfect luxury.

Bewate FALSE Pearline is never peddled, if your grocer sends JAMES PYLE, New York. you an imitation, be honest-send it back.

SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS ARE THE BEST





"An Honest Tale Speeds

-Richard the III.

We are not charging you prices

We do not tell you that we can

We do, without any hesitation,

READ.

Good Roasted Coffee, 19c per lb.

Good Tea Dust 124c per lb.

can buy for 50c per lb.

A nice Japan Tea, 30c per lb.

The best 28c Coffee in the market.

The Best Japan Tea that money

All Laundry Soaps, 6 bars for 25c.

Roval Baking Powder 42c per lb

Good Baking Powder 20c per lb.

9 sticks Chickory for 10c.

Stick Candy. 10c per lb.

Mixed Candy, 10c per lb.

Good Salmon, 2 cans for 25c.

Sardines in Oil, 5c per can.

Cod Fish in 21b pkgs, 8c per 1b.

Sardines in Mustard. 10c per can.

Try 1 gal. of our N. O. Molasses at

Also Sugar Syrup at 25c per gal.

A fine line of Cigars and Tobaccos

Banner Smoking Tobacco, 11-c lb

Sweet Cuba Tobacco 35c per lb.

Good Plug Tobacco, 25c per lb.

Good Fine Cut Tobacco, 25c lb.

Spices-we have the best-and our

Good Rice, 5c per lb.

25c per gal.

prices are right.

Farmers' Wives: If you have a basket or pail of eggs in town

bargains to suit the times.

There is no doubt whatever about our prices being as low as the lowest that will make us independently and our goods the best. The reason wealthy within the next 10 or 20 is simply because we are satisfied years. with smaller profits. Anyone with a limited knowledge of business can save you 50% nor 25% on your purreadily see that when you buy of us chases, you would not believe it if you don't have to pay a profit for we did. the purpose of maintaining a big expense; we don't have such a thing tell you that we can and do give you attached to our business.

READ.

24 lbs Granulated Sugar \$1.00. Electric Oil 7c per gal. Choice Canned Pumpkin 6c can. Sulphur 2c per lb. Ammonia 23c per gal. Epsom Salts 3c per lb. Quinine, 33c per oz. Fine Florida Oranges, 15c per doz Choice Lemons, 18c per doz. Good Raisins 3c per lb. 4 Cr. L. M. Raisins, 10c per lb. 4 lbs Choice California Prunes, for 25c. Choice Cluster Raisins 124c per lb Lamp Wick 1c per yd. Full Cream Cheese 14c per lb. 4 lbs. V. & C. Crackers for 25c. 8 lbs Rolled Oats for 25c. Starch, 6c per lb. Arm & Hammer Saleratus, 6c lb. Clothes pins, 6 doz for 5c. Tooth picks, 5c per box. Lantern Globes, 5c each. Lamp Chimneys, No. 1, 3c each. Lamp Chimneys, No. 2, 5c each. Rising Sun Stove Polish, 5c pkg. Axle Grease, 5c per box. 2 pkg. Yeast Foam for 5c.

Chelses and Vicinity.

Next Wednesday is Valentine Day. ast Saturday.

- Geo. W. Turnbull was an Ann Arbor visitor Monday.
- W. J. Knapp and J. Bacon were Detroit visitors last Friday.
- Dr. H. H. Avery was in Ann Arbor Monday on business.
- Martin Howe is in Essex Center, Can. this week on business.
- F. Whitaker is in Jackson and Adrian this week on business.
- Express Agent, W. F. Hatch, was Detroit visitor Tuesday.
- Louis Burg, of Ohio. is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. A Eisenman.

Herbert Dancer, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with his parents at Lima.

Miss Jessie Everett is visiting among relatives and friends in Battle Creek.

Mrs D. Wurster, of East Middle street, was an Ann Arbor visitor last Tuesday.

Daniel Prendegast, of Owosso, is visiting among his many Chelsea friends this week. The L.O. T. M. will hold their regular meeting Saturday, Feb. 10th at 2.30 o'clock. Andrew Hewes, of Jackson, was among his many Chelsea friends a few days of last

Mrs. Holthoefer, of Chicago, was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Frank Staffan last Sunday.

week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stapish, of Bay City made Mr. Stapish's parents a pleasant visit last week.

Elmer Hammond spent the past week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E Hammond.

Miss Jennie Hudler, of West Middle street, is entertaining Mr. Arthur Walker, of Detroit.

The M. C. R. R. Co., have placed two new crossing signs where their tracks cross Main street.

The C. L. S. C. will meet with Mrs. Wm Bacon Monday evening Feb. 12th at seven o'clock.

Mrs. A. L. Snyder, of Ypsilanti, is the guest of her son, R. A. Snyder, of East Middle street.

A regular meeting of Olive Chapter, No. 108, O. E. S. will be held Wednesday evening, Feb. 14 at 7 o'clock. After the Miss Cora Irwin returned to Chicago meeting is over, refreshments will be served and the time spent in a social manner.

> The next meeting of Lafayette grange will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs E. Keys, Lima, Feb. 15, 1894. The subject for discussion is, "Resolved, that it is not to issue bonds in times of peace."

The lecture on "Martin Luther," by Rev. L. N. Moon last Sunday night was so satischurch, that latter will translate a portion of it for a German newspaper, that its readers may have a Yankee's estimate of the great German reformer.

lectures in Pinckney next week, similar to the one given here. The meetings in Chelsea have been splendidly attended, and a profound impression has been made by the kindly, brilliant and eloquent words of the distinguished Paulist.

If the ground-hog could have read our item on "Ground-hog Day" in our last issue he would have got somewhat mixed. The type made us say that "if he can see his shadow in the sun he returns to his 2 packages Yeast Foam for 5c. hole to snooze for six months longer." It should have read six weeks longer.

Rev. Dr. Rielly will officiate in St. Mary's church next Sunday Feb. 11th. in the 3 Cr Raisins Sc per pound. absence of the pastor, who accompanies Gloss Starch 6c per pound. Rev. Walter Elliott to Pinckney. Dr. Rielly will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 Best Nudavene Flakes 8 lbs for 25c. p m. Seats will be free at the evening All laundry soaps 6 bars for 25c service and all are cordially invited to attend

Died, at the family residence on West Middle street, Monday morning, Feb. 5th, 1894. Mrs Adam Eppler. She leaves a Choice Coffee 19c per pound. husband and one child to mourn her loss The funeral took place Wednesday from Mixed and stick candy 10c per pound. St. Paul's church, Rev. C Haag officiating. The German Workingmen's Society, of this village, attended in a body.

Report of school in District No. 7, Choice Rice 5c per pound. Sylvan, for the month ending Feb. 2: Number enrolled, 33; attending every day Extra Japan tea 30c per pound. Edwin and Joe Laubengayer, Lydia Wolf, Anna Jensen, Paulina Bohnet, Oliver Kellam. Alfred Falkner; standing 80, Lois, 3 cakes elegant toilet soap for 20c. Alvin and Oliver Kellam; 85. Oscar and

"Under Cuts."

These quotations tell you whether for the best interests of the United States or not you are buying goods at the right figures. We are keeping so close to the cost mark that it would factory to the pastor of the Lutheran bother you to find any profit on most of the articles mentioned here.

First-class Lanterns 29c each. Rev. Father Elliott will give a course of 4 pounds choice Prunes for 25c. Best syrup in Chelsea 38c per gal. Sweet Cuba Tobacco 35c per lb.

> 27 pounds Brown sugar for \$1.00. Choice raisins 8c per pound. 3 packages cleaned Currants for 25c 23 lbs. granulated sugar \$1.00. Fine 4 Cr. Raisins 10° per pound. First-class lanterns 29c each. 4 pounds V. & C. crackers for 25c.

> Full cream cheese 14c per pound. Fine extracted honey 38c per quart.

Best Alaska Salmon 12 1 2c per can. Tea dust 121%c per pound. Arm and Hammer Saleratus 6c per lb.

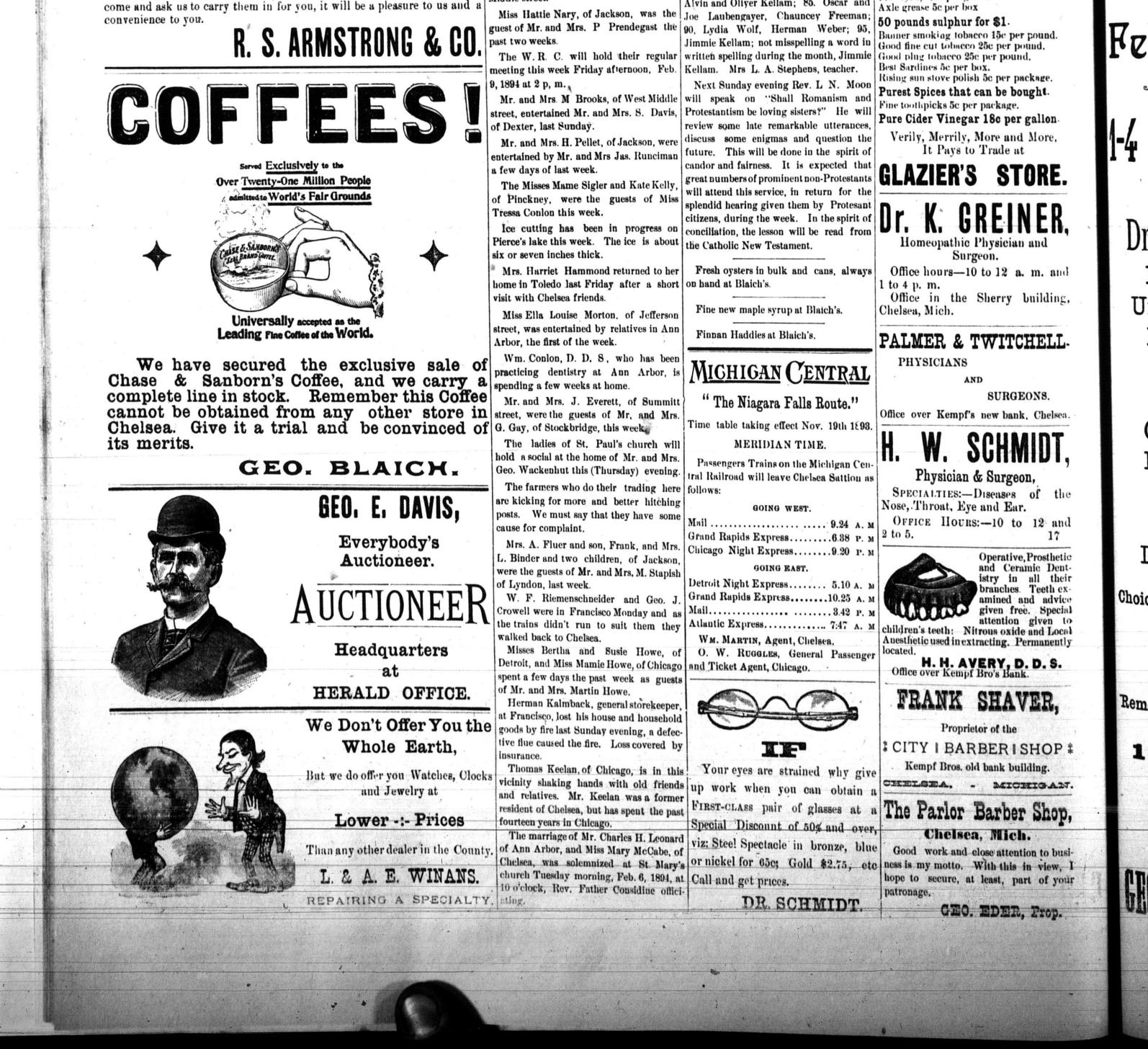
3 packages mince meat for 20 cents Best kerosine oil 7c per gallon. Lamp wicks le per yard. No. 1 lamp chimneys 3c each. No. 2 lamp chimneys 5c each. Best Lantern Globes 5c each.

Best Pum kin 6c per can Fine perfumes 35c per ounce. Clothes pins 6 dozen for 5c. Codfish in bricks 8c per pound.

Best Baking Powder 20c per pound

Fe

Fine N O. Molasses for 25c per gal. 9 sticks best chicory for 10e. Choice Mustard 15c per jug. Fine syrup 25c per gallon Axle grease 5c per box



Here and There.

Ed Hammond was in Jackson Sunday P. J. Lehman spent Tuesday in Ann

Bert Sparks was an Ypsilanti visitor last **Fuesday**.

Truman Fenn spent Sunday with friends in Ann Arbor.

E. Rooke visited with friends in Dexter the first of the week.

Mrs. Foren was among Jackson friends last Tuesday and Wednesday

A Dimondale prophet states that we will have two feet of snow this month.

The late C. H. Buhl, of Detroit, bequeathed \$10,000 to the law library of the U. of M.

Emory Chipman, of Unadilla, will move Cooper in Lima.

Dr. E. A Avery, of Stockbridge, was the guest of his brother, Dr. H. H. Avery, of this place, last Sunday.

C. A. Barber, of Waterloo, will build a large barn the coming summer. The wall is completed and the lumber on the ground

Married, Feb. 7, 1894, Mr. Conrad Heselschwerdt to Miss Maggie Jackson, both of Chelsea. Justice P. J. Lehman tied the knot.

C. J. Chandler & Co have their ice house nearly completed and several loads of ice already stored. Clarence Maroney is the builder.

W. G. Kempf and wife, J. S. Cummings and wife, Mrs. M. G. Curtis and the Misses Everett were in Ann Arbor Wednesday of last week, visiting the University.

Prof. F. Gilch, the noted Oculist-Optican, is meeting with marked success. The Professor will remain at the Chelsea House ten days longer, so that those who have not had the chance to call upon him, may have an opportunity to do so.

Family white fish in pails at Blaich's.

Excursions,

The M. C. R. R. will sell excursion tickets to Detroit, for Michigan Club banquet, February 21st and 22nd, limited to return 23nd. Rate one and one-third fare for round trip,

Christian Endeavor Union State Con-



Anow that Lent is so near at hand, the demand for salt fish is increasing Monday bottom prices. Do not fail to see our line before purchasing closwhere. Our line consists of No. 1 White Fish in half barrels, Fancy White Fish in 10-lb kits, Fancy White Fish in 10-lb kits, Salt Water Herring, No. 1 Trout in half barrels, No. 1 White Fish in 10-lb kits, Salt Water Herring, No. 1 Mackeral in half barrels, No. 1 Macke al in 10 lb kits, Salt Water Herring, Lake Herring, Cromartly Blouters by the dozen, Halibut, Cod Fish and Drice Herring. In caoned goods we have imported and domestic Sardines, Lake Shore Mackeral in Tomato Sauce. The famous Sun Flower Salmon, Cove Oysters, in fact anything you want in the line of fish. Before you buy a cent's worth in this line call and see our assortment. Sumon, Cove Oysters, in fact anything you want in the line of fish. Before you buy a cent's worth in this line call and see our assortment. When in need of anything in the line of Flour. Graham, Corn Meal or Buck wheat. Don't fail to come to headquarters. We carry Jackson Gem, Chelsea Roller and Patent Flour, Waterloo and Ann Arbor and warrant every suck. We still lead them all in this line as we have the largest and best assortment. We still lead them all in this line as we have the largest and best assortment. To estimate the sound state for the Yillage. We still lead them all in this line as we have the largest and best assortment. To and Coffree house is a chard warrant every suck. Mary A. Stat Weet and context and the sound state of the sound state of

We still lead them all in this line as we have the largest and best assortment. Teas onto the farm now occupied by Frank and Coffees bought of us always give satisfaction. Try a pound of our Stork Tea or a pound of our Royal Mocha and Java and you will find that they are ahead of anything you ever bought.

IT WILL PAY YOU whenever ordering anything in the line of Vegetables, Fruits Oysters, Canned Goods Teas and Coffees, Spices, Extracts, Baking Goods or FISH to eave your order at HEADQUARTERS.

BEISSEL & STAFFAN.

We want your Eggs.



"INTERNATIONAL STOCE FOOD" has a great reputa-tion for curing and preventing Hog Cholera and other swine diseases. It also insures very rapid growth. Owing to superior medication our 50-cent box contains 150 average feeds for 13" 3 Hogs or 6 Pigs, or one head of other stock. 3 FEEDS TOR ONE CENT. 3 FEEDS: FOR ONE CENTA Your Money Refunded In any case of failure when Food" for Horses, Mules, Cutle, Sheep, Hog, Colts, Calves, Lambs or Pigs. Equally good for all stock as it purifies the blood, permanently strengthens the ch-tire system, gives perfect assimilation (thereby giving much more strength and flesh from same amount of grain), and is the greatest known appetizer. Pre-pared by a practical stockman. Thousands of reliable testimonials—Free. \$1000. guarantee that they are true. Buy the Genuine. "International Stock Food," un-principled parties are putting out very close imitations of our name and design of label. 13 If you cannot

bargains.

SPECIALTIES.

I keep a full line of Violins and other small musical goods, also Violin, Guitar and Banjo Strings of the best quality. music books and sheet music of all kinds. Call and see me before ordering elsewhere.

I have received the agency for the Celebrated International Stock and Poultry Food, warranted to prevent Come and

Dr. Moulton.

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We w

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made for more th thirty days in payment of an installme of interest due on a mortgage executed Charles W. Glover and Oriska M. Glover Mary A. Starkweather, dated January 7th, 16 recorded in the office of the degister of Dee for Washconew County. State of Michigan

Chancery Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, in Chancery Wilheim Batzer, Complainant, vs. Johanna

Batzer, Defendant. Suit pending in the Circuit C urt for the County of Washtenaw in Chancery, at Ann Arbor, on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1894, in the 22 Judicial Circuit for the State of Mich-

It satisfactorily appearing to this Court by affidavit on file, that the defendant, Johanna Batzer, is not a resident of this state, but resides at Rosenfelden Peterswalde, West Prussia in the German Empire, on motion of Lehman Bros., Complainant's Solicitor's, it is ordered that the said d fendant, Johanna Batzer, cause her appearance to be entered herein within five months from the date of this order, and in case of her appearance that she cause her answer to the complainants Bill of Complaint to ue filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitors, within twenty days after service on her of a copy of said bill, and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by said non-resident defendant.

And it is further orde ed, that within twenty days after the date hereof the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed, published and circulated in said county, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week, for six weeks in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant; at least twenty days before the above time perscribed for her appearance. E. D. KINNE.

Circuit Judge.

LEHMAN BROS. Complainant's Solici ors.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the con-ditions of a mortgage executed by John W. Cowan and Dorcas M. Cowan, his wife, to Charles Kingsley, bearing date the 1st day of January, A. D. 1866, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Weektenaw in the State of Michigan, on the 1st Washtenaw, in the State of Michigan, on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1866, in Liber 33 of Mortgages on Pare 711, and duly assigned by Charles Kingsley, Jr., executor of the last will and testament of said Charles Kingsley deceased, to Anua K. Calkin by assignment, bearing date the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds for Washtenaw County on the 18th day of January, A. D 1894, in Liber 11 of Assignment of Mortga ges on Page 529. By which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative and on which mortgage there is claimed to be due, at this date, the sum cf Nine Hundred and Fourteen dollars and twenty Five Dollars (\$25.00) as an Attorney fee, as provided for in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, and no suit or proceeding at law, or in Chancery, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mor gage, or any part thereof. Notice is there-fore given that, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in contained in said mortgage and the schuld in such that and provided, said mortgage will be forclosed on Monday the 23rd day of April, A. D. 1894, at eleven o'clock in the forc-noon of that day. at the East door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor in said County of Mentanana h ing the of Washtenaw, (said Court House b ing the place of holding the Circuit Court for said County of Washtenaw), by sale at Public Auction to the highest bidder of the premises described in said mortgage, which said mortgaged premises are described in said mortgage as follows, viz: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Manchester, in the County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to-wit, the North half (46) of the South East quarter of the North of Washtenaw, (said Court House b ing the

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Dry Goods,

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Underwear,

Hosiery,

Gloves,

Mittens,

Curtains,

Fixtures.

Shoes.

Rubbers,

Domestics.

Choice of any Cloak in

stock for

\$5.00

Goods

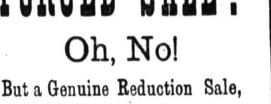
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FROM



for Cash, during the next 60 days.

I need money and to obtain it quickly I will make it an object to Cash buyers, if you need a Double or Single harness, Blankets, Robes, Storm Covers to protect your horses, Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, etc., come and see me I have also a few more Trunks and Satchels left that will be sold at great

vention, at Detroit. Date of sale March hog and chicken cholera. Come a try a package, only 25 and 50 cents. 23rd. Rate one and one-third fare for round trip.

Annual State Encampment, G. A. R. at Owosso, March 20 to 24. Date of sale March 19, 20 and 21st, good to return March 24th.

Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at Kalamazoo, February 20th. Certificate plan tickets.

Complete line salt fish at Blaich's.

A lady with intent to manifest her displeasure recently threw a cupful of vitriol at a female acquaintance. Her aim being bad, most of the liquid rebounded and smote the thrower, affording her a lesson in manners, and at the same time giving a rare example of justice in getting in its work promptly.

Red beets, turnips and parsnips at Blaich's

A Quarter Century Test.

For a quarter of a century Dr. King's New Discovery has been tested, and the millions who have received benefit from its use testify to its wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. A remedy that has stood the test so long and that has given so universal satisfaction is no experiment. Each bottle is positively guaranteed to give relief, or the money refunded. It is admitted to be the most reliable for Coughs and Colds Trial bottles Frec at F. (. Glazier & C.'s Drug Store. Large size 50c and \$1.00.

Fresh vegetables at Blaich's.

A Sacramento woman put \$400 in a satchel and placed it under a scat in a railway car. It is pleasant to remark as an instance of deference to her sex that when she got home she still had the satchel with the addition of a large and lucrative opening in the bottom of it.

It May Do as Much for You.

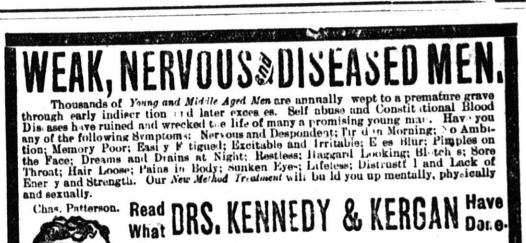
Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill, writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures but instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle.

C. STEINBACH.

WE OFFER \$100 CASH PREMIUM to anyone raising the largest hog from an 1892 pig. Free of restrictions as to breed, food or feeding. Not re-quired to use International Stock Food. See our paper for full particulare-Free from our dealers. "Interna-tional Stock Food," "International Poultry Food" and "Silver Pine Healing Oil" are guaranteed and pre-pared only by INTERNATIONAL FOOD CO MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

principled parties are putting out very close imitations of our name and design of label. If If you cannot buy the genuine "International Stock Food" in your town we will make at very much to your interest to write to wa

WE OFFER \$100 CASH PREMIUM



"At 14 years of age I learned a bad habit which almost ruined me. I became nervous and weak. My back troubled me. I could stand no exertion. Head and eyes became duli. Dreams and drains at night weakened me. I tried seven Medical Firms, Electric Belts, Patent Medicines and Family Doctors. They gave me no help. A friend advised me to try Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They sent me one month's t eatment and it cured me. I could feel myself gaining every day. Their New Method Treatment cures when A AL all else fails." 'They have cured many o. my friends." Jured in one in atta

CURES GUARANTELU

"Some 8 years ago I contracted a serious constitutional blood disease. I went to Hot Springs to treat for syphilis. More ry almost killed me. After a while the symptoms again appeared. Throat became sore, pains in limba, pimples ou face, blotches, eyes red, loss of hair, glands enla ged. etc. A medical friend advised Drs. Kennedy & Kergan's New Method Treatment. It cared me, and I have had no symptoms for five years. I am married and happy. As a doctor, I heartily recommend it to all who have this terrible disease-syphuls." It will eradicate the poison from the blood."

Cure. J yeurs was 15 YEARS IN DETROIT. 150.000 CURED. Capt. Townsend.

"I am 33 years of age, and murriel. When young I led a gay life. Early indiscretions a d later excesses made trouble for me. I became was and n ryous. My k-dneys became affected and I f ared Bright's disease. Murri d lift wis unsatis-factory and my home unhappy. I tried every hing-all failed ill I took treatment from Dr. Keanel, and Kergan. Their N w Method built me up mentally, physically and secondly. I feel and act like a man in every respect. Try them."

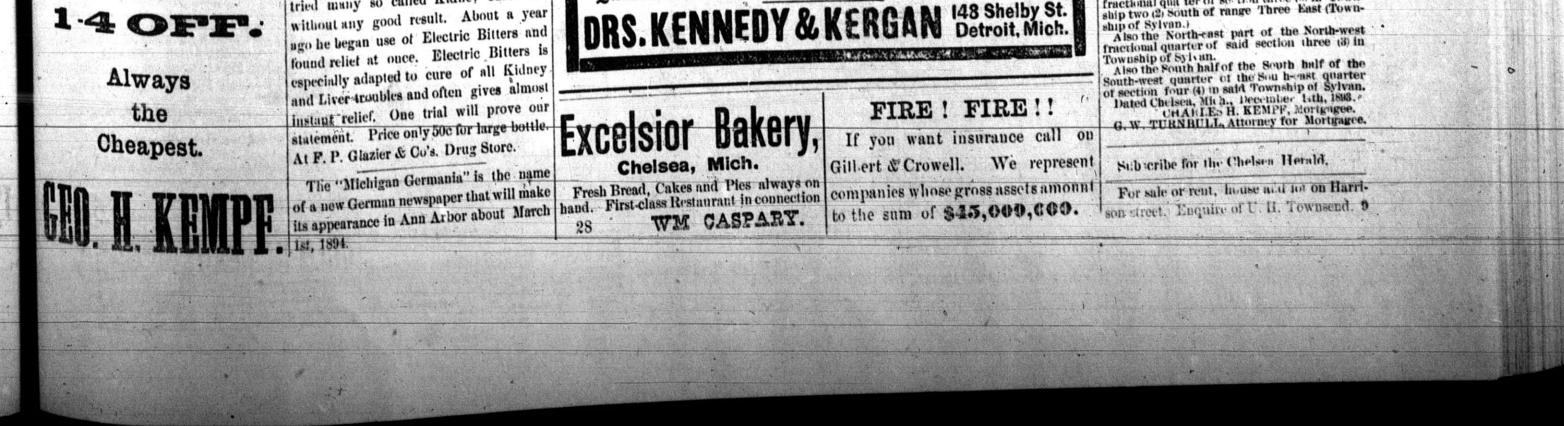
12 No Names Used Without Written consent of Pationt.

Our New Mothod Treatment never tails in curing Diseases of men. drains and losses, purifies the blood, clears the brain, builds up the nervous and sexual systems and restores lost vitality to the body.

We Guarantee to Cure Nervous Debility Failing Wanhood, syphilis, Varicocele, stricture, Gleet, Uns stural discharges, Weak Parts and All Kidney and Bladder - iseases

REMEMBER Drs. Kennedy & Korgan are the leading specialists of America. They guar intee to cire or no pay. Their repu-tation and fifteen years of business are at stake. You run no risk. Write them for an honest opinio 1, no matter who trated you. It may save you years of regret and suffering. Charges reasonable. Write for a

Question List and Book Free. Consultation Free.



(%) of the South East quarter of the North West quarter of section number two (2), in Township number four (4) South of range number three (3) East, containing twenty acres

but be the same more or less. Dated Chelsea, Mich., January 25, 1894, ANNA K. CALKIN. Assignee. G. W. TURNBULL, Attorney for assignee.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by Maria A. Cohoon, by Henry Cohoon her Attorney in fact, Edward Sumner and Alice Sumner, his wife, Edward Sumner and Alice Sumner, his wife, Mary C, Carr, Almira Perry, Alonzo Newton and Jennie Newton, his wife, Welcome B. Sumner and Maggie Sumner, to Charles H. Kempf, bearing date the Twenty-fourth day of September, A D., 1889 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, for the County of Webtroway in the State of Michigan on of Washtenaw, in the State of Michigan, on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1892, in liber 77 of Mortgages on Page 166, by which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at this date the sum of One Thousand and "orty-nine bollars and Twenty-five Dollars as an Attorney fee as provided in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, and no proceeding at law or in Chancery having been institut-ed to recover the debt so secured by said mort-

gage or any part thereof. Notice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and pr-wided, said mortgage will be foreclosed on Monday, the 12th day of March, A. D. 1894, at one o'el ack in the afternoon of that day, at the East door of the Court hous, n the City of Ann Arlior, in said County of Washtenaw. (said Court house being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said County of Wash-tenaw, by sale at public auction to the highest tenaw,) by sale at public auction to the highest bidder of the premises described in said mort-gage whic said mortgage premises are de-scribed in said mortgage as f llows, viz: All those certain pieces or parcels of land situated in the Townships of Sylvan and Lyndon in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, and described as follows to wit: The South-County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, and described as follows, t-wit: Th. South-east quarter of the South-west quarter of section thirty-four (34) Township one, South of ranga three East (Township of Landon.) The North-west part of the North-west fractional qua ter of section three (3) in Towa-ship two (2) South of range Three East (Town-





THE senate was addressed on the 29th by Senator Teller (Col.) on the president's Hawalian policy, he taking advanced ground in favor of the annexation of the Hawaiian islands and ultimately of Cuba and Canada. The house bill to repeal the federal election laws was also discussed and a resolution was offered declaring that the secretary of the treasury has no legal right to issue and sell the bonds and other interest-bearing obligations of the government The debate on the internal revenue bill, including the provision for the income tax, began in the house.

WHEN the financial discussion in the senate ended on the 30th the bill to repeal the federal election laws was considered and it was decided that a vote on the measure should be taken on the 6th In the house the income tax bill was discussed at length.

THE time of the senate on the 31st ult, was consumed in the discussion of the resolution of Senator Stewart, of Nevada, declaring that the secretary of the treasury has no power to issue the bonds for which bids have been invited ... In the house the income tax bill was placed as a rider upon the tariff bill by a vote of 175 to 56. The entire day was spent in the consideration of amendments which were offered to the various internal-revenue features. An amendment increasing the tax on whisky from ninety cents to one dollar was adopted.

THE session of the senate on the 1st was occupied in discussing the legality of the bond issue In the house the Wilson tariff bill. with the income tax incorporated, was passed by a vote of 204 to 140. All the republican members and eighteen democrats and one populist voted against the measure.

In the senate on the 2nd notice was given of amendments to the house tariff bill providing for the coinage of silver bullion for the benefit of owners and repealing all acts authorizing the issuing of bonds. The legality of the recent bond issue was discussed. Adjourned to the 5th. In the house a resolution was favorably reported to amend the constitution so as to limit the terms of office of the judges of the supreme and superior courts to ten years. The debate on the Hawaiian matter began under a special order, which will bring it to a vote on the 5th.

DOMESTIC.

THE largest oil well ever located in the Ohio field was struck near Fostoria, the flow being 1,000 barrels an hour.

THE business portion of Rosamond Ill, was destroyed by fire.

Gov. McKINLEY and Frank Hurd addressed the Sons of Ohio at their ban-

Six children of George Robinson, aged from 4 to 14 years, died of diphtheria at Embry Church, Ia.

THE town of Prospect, O., was almost entirely destroyed by fire, the loss being over \$100,000.

KENTUCKY's legislature instructed the senators from that state to oppose confirmation of Wheeler H. Peckham to the supreme bench.

THE public debt statement issued on the 1st showed that the debt increased \$7,839,064 during the month of January. The cash balance in the treasury was \$84,082,099. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to \$1,493,019,607.

SMOOTH swindlers secured about \$30,-000 from several firms in the lumber business at Bay City, Mich.

As THE result of an old feud John Schultz shot his son-in-law, Henry Fries, at Becker, Mo., and soon after killed himself.

It was the pride of David Austin, a wealthy farmer who died near Chillicothe, Mo., aged 74, that he had never been out of his native state, never ate a meal in a hotel or shaved in a barber shop, and never had a day's illness until two months ago.

In a fight between laborers near Asheville, N. C., six men were killed and eight others were seriously injured.

THE twenty-five collieries of the Reading Coal company in the vicinity of Shenandoah, Pa., employing 10,000 men and boys, shut down for an indefinite period.

WILLIAM BUSH and wife, an aged and wealthy couple at Luverne, Ala., were murdered and robbed.

THE fire losses in the United States for the month of January were placed at \$13,676,485, against \$21,342,789 in the

corresponding month of last year. JOSEPH KNITTEL'S excelsior show case works and George Stahl's incubator factory were destroyed by fire at Quincy, Ill., the loss being \$100,000.

THE big warehouse of the Felix & Marston Willow Ware company in Chicago and several other buildings were destroyed by fire, the total loss being \$160,000.

EDWARD and Patrick Toole probably fatally cut Joseph Badelle at Brazil, Ind., who prevented them killing their mother.

THE Indiana supreme court has decided against the lumber combine of that state, declaring it must not restrict trade.

ALL the silver in the treasury vaults

REV. D. C. COOK, pastor of the Colored Baptist church at Fayetteville, Tenn., and one of the most prominent among the preachers and teachers of his race, was shot dead by some one unknown.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL

AT the election in New York city to fill congressional vacancies Eli Quigg (rep.) was elected in the Fourteenth district and Isador Strauss (dem.) was chosen in the Fifteenth district.

THE Rhode Island legislature convened at Providence.

DANIEL SHEA died on a farm near Ladd, Ill. He was 103 years and 2 months old and had lived in Bureau county since 1844.

THOMAS B. FERGUSON, of Maryland, was nominated for minister to Sweden and Norway by the president.

FREDERICK LANSING, an ex-congressman, died at his home in Watertown, N. Y., aged 55 years.

GARRETT VEEDER, a pioneer newspaper³man and founder of the Janesville (Wis.) Recorder, died in that city. THE Indiana democrats selected Indianapolis as the place and August 15 as the date for holding the state convention.

GEORGE W. CHILDS, editor of the Phil adelphia Ledger and widely known as a philanthropist, died at his home in that city after an illness of two weeks, aged 65 years.

FOREIGN.

A LARGE cotton mill of 8,000 spindles, the property of the Railway Mill company at Oldham, England, was burned, the loss being \$500,000.

MERLINO, an Italian anarchist for whom the police have been searching since 1883, was arrested in Naples

ACCORDING to a London paper Premier Gladstone will resign before the reopening of parliament.

THE schooner Gertie E. Foster, of Gloucester, Mass., struck on the rocks at Liverpool. N. S., and five sailors were drowned.

PLIEAS DUFREUSE shot and killed his married sister, Mrs. Brunetin, and then fatally shot himself in Montreal.

THE great silk stores of Favre & Lioux in Lyons, France, were burned. causing a loss of 1,500,000 francs.

DR. J. F. HARTIGAN, the United States consul at Trieste, Austria, died of heart trouble.

DURING a fierce riot at Santiago, Chili, five men, supposed to be partisans of Balmaceda, were killed. THE steamship Mariposa arrived at

Fifty-two farms near Neisse, in Prus-

In a conversation with Explorer

said he had "long desired to see the

LATER.

session on the 3d. In the house the

time was mostly occupied in discussing

Hawaiian affairs. Mr. Bland intro-

duced a bill providing for the coinage

LEIBMAN BROS., of Brooklyn, N. Y.,

GEN. LEWIS RICHMOND, prominent in

the rebellion and later in official cir-

INCANDESCENT lights started a blaze

FORTY-SIX head of valuable horses

PATRICK PHILLIPS shot at a burglar

MORTON S. WILKINSON, who served

1859 to 1865, died at the home of his

MRS. COLFAX, of South Bend, Ind.,

WALTER JOHNSON, of Gloucester,

Mass., shot Miss Carrie Andrews and

Ives beat Schaefer in the final bil-

liard game of the Cincinnati tourney by

BUCK YOUNG, a Caseyville (Ky.) mu-

latto charged with assault was, flogged

and tarred and feathered by white

MRS. LOUISA R. KENT, widow of a

PITTSBURG, Kan., was excited over

himself on account of a love affair.

said to be practically penniless.

a score of 600 to 434.

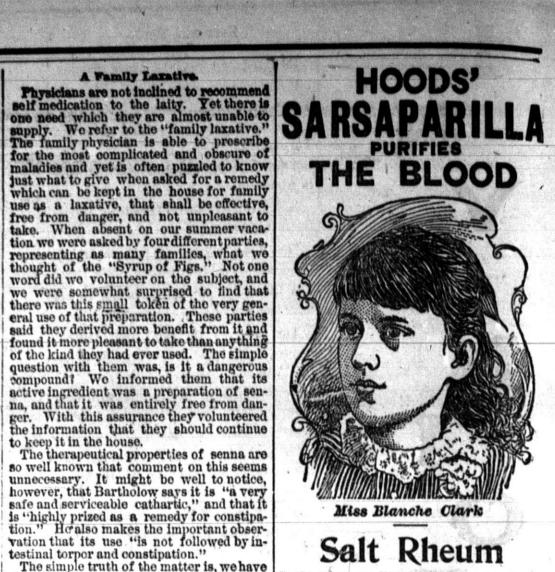
dry goods dealers, failed for \$400,000.

of silver bullion in the treasury.

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THE United States senate was not in

great American republic."



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Broke out on our little girl's face. Her hande swelled and blisters formed and later broke open. The itching and burning sensation was terrible. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured her. It



Hood's Pills cure liver ills, biliousness, constipation, jaundice, sick headache. 25c.



cough. We all suffer that way sometimes. How to get rid of them is the study. Listen-"I am a Ranchman and Stock Raiser. My life is rough and exposed. I meet all weathers in the Colorado mountains. I sometimes take colds. Often they are severe. I have used German Syrup five years for these. A few doses will cure them at any stage. The last one I had was stopped in 24 hours. It is infallible." James A. Lee, Jefferson, Col.

selfish standpoint the physician will lose nothing by recommending such a preparation as Syrup of Figs to his patients; while viewed from the highest standpoint of doing the best possible by those who place themselves in our care, we would say the profession cannot do better than give their indorsement to such a preparation .- American Analyst.

to keep it in the house.

testinal torpor and constipation."

physicians are prescribing it.

altogether too few preparations which we

can recommend to our families as effective

laxatives. But the California Fig Syrup

company has one of the most desirable com .

binations for this purpose with which we

are familiar. The Fig Syrup company gives to the profession the composition of this

preparation, therefore there is no secret

about it; the persona who use this laxative

speak in the highest terms about it; and we

are pleased to notice that a large number of

Viewed from the narrowest and most

A Family Lazative

CHOLLY-"My min says I must be in ove." Chappie-"Deah me!" Cholly-Ya-as. When he gave me a black tie instead of a white one with my evening suit I didn't notice it." Chappie-"Deah me!" Cholly-"Ya-as. I wonder who she can be?"-Town Topics.

Queen & Crescent Route.

Would be pleased to have all farmers, or others who are interested, drop us a card, asking for information about our LAND SEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.

Tickets at One Fare for Round Trip, from Cincinnati, Louisville or Lexington, Ky., to points in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, and points in Georgia as far east as Augusta; also to New Orleans and Mobile.

Excursions Feb. 8th, March 8th and April

quet at the Grand Pacific hotel in Chicago.

Col. IRWIN, U. S. A., has just received a medal from congress for act of bravery displayed in 1861.

In a drunken row at a dance in Alpine, Ark., Lew Jones, Charles Ross and Sam Powell were killed.

A BREAK occurred in the levee above Sacramento, Cal., causing an inundation of 600 acres of the finest hop land in that section.

As THE result of a debate in the Colorado legislature Col. Fisk challenged Senator Boyd to a duel.

FIVE men were killed and one fatally injured by the explosion of a boiler in a mill at Crow, Ky.

On their way to Texas a family of immigrants, consisting of two children and father and mother, were frozen to death in a blizzard near Clarendon, Ark.

FOUR infuriated women horsewhipped Albert Livingston and drove him out of Benton Harbor, Mich for attempted assault.

JUDGE LEE, at Little Rock, Ark., declared null the marriage of a negro and a white woman and fined both.

THEODORE PABST & Co., importers of glassware in New York for forty years, failed for \$100,000.

COUNTERFEIT silver dollars, made of pure silver and of a quality better than the genuine, were afloat in Cincinnati. At the present price of silver a dollar can be made for forty-five cents.

JAMES F. CLARK, cashier, confessed that he blew the safe of the Ellaville (Ga.) bank, having previously taken the money, about \$7,000.

A BILL to prevent and punish prize fighting in lowa was passed by the lower house of the legislature.

PEACH buds were killed in southern Illinois by the recent cold wave. Less than one-twentieth escaped.

AT a party in Decatur, Ill., Maggie Truelock killed David Lambert, her sweetheart, with a revolver supposed to be unloaded.

A NEW trotting circuit, including Milwaukee, Independence and six other western cities, was formed in Mason City, Ia.

DETECTINE CHARLES ARADO was shot and killed by Officer John A. Bacon as the result of a saloon brawl in Chicago. GOV. MATTHEWS announced that under no circumstances would he permit prize fighting in Indiana.

D. B. JUDSON, an extensive glove manufacturer at Gloversville, N. Y., failed for \$250,000.

ALBERT STROEBEL, the murderer of John Marshall, of Huntingdon, Tenn., was executed. He confessed his crime on the gallows.

"PROF." LARS ANDERSON, alleged spirit medium, was driven from South Charlestown, O., bad eggs accelerating his departure.

W. Y. WALKER, a prominent business man at Jackson, Mo., and his wife died ARCHIE BAILEY was convicted at

at Washington must be recounted be-Auckland, New Zealand, from Hawaii cause of the petty thefts of a messenwith advices up to January 20. She reger.

WILLIAM SCHAEFFER and Harry Secathe, clerks for a New York real estate agent, confessed to stealing action of congress. \$20,000.

FARMERS near Westerville, O., startsian Silesia, were swept by fire, the ed a movement to subscribe money to damage being placed at 2,000,000 relieve the country if congress will at marks. once adjourn. Peters Emperor William, of Germany

Tom NELSON established a reputation in New York as the champion oyster eater of the world by swallowing 150 of the largest bivalves in as many minutes.

SECRETARY HERBERT, of the navy. sent a telegram to Admiral Benham congratulating him upon his action in defending American interests in the harbor at Rio de Janeiro.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 2d aggregated \$768,522,347, against \$840.227,507 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1898, cles, died at Flushing, L. I., aged 70 was 44.9.

THE Avondale street railway carin Omaha, Neb., which did about \$300,sheds and machine shop were burned at Cincinnati, entailing a loss of \$175,- 000 worth of damage.

DAVE GRAY, a Creek Indian, was were cremated by an incendiary fire that destroyed the barns of Henry C. given fifty lashes on the bare back at South McAlester, Ind. T., for horse Ireland near Chillicothe, Mo. stealing. at Denver, Col., and killed his wife.

JOHN NOONAN and Stephen Douglas were asphyxiated by gas at Lima, O.

THERE were 336 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 2d, against 440 the week daughter in Wells, Minn., aged 75 years. previous and 255 in the corresponding time in 1893.

Two CHILDREN of James Scanlon were cremated at Meadville, Pa., and their mother may lose her mind. PRICE LEE (colored) killed his wife at

Dandridge, Tenn., and was drowned while fleeing from a posse. BOB BURNETT (colored) was publicly

whipped at Russellville, Ky., for stealing meat.

THREE THOUSAND coal miners in the vicinity of Bellaire, O., went on a strike on account of a reduction in wages from 70 to 50 cents a ton.

colonel in the war of 1812, died at Chi-LEE SANG, a Chinese highbinder, was cago. She was 94 years old. hanged at San Quentin, Cal., for the another murder, a woman, the seventh murder of a fellow-countryman.

Gov. RICH notified the Michigan board of canvassers that they must resign or submit to being removed.

JAMES ARNOLD, the South Whitley (Ind.) banker who swindled hundreds of farmers out of their savings, is a fugitive.

THE state board of health estimates that there were 128,500 deaths in the state of New York during the year

1898. This is 2,200 less than occurred the year previous.

BURGLARS stole \$11,000 from the safe of the Arkadelphia Lumber company at Dalark, Ark.

THE Nashville (Tenn.) Electric rail-

9th Limited to twenty days for return. Write to W. P. Cooley, T. P. A., Cleveland, O.; C. A. Baird, T. P. A., Detroit, Mich., or A. J. Lytle, N. P. A., Chicago, Ills., for ported that affairs on the island were unchanged. The general sentiment among the people was to await the Ration of congress

> STAGGERS-"I surely would hate to be the moon. Takes it two weeks to get full." Jaggers-"And that isn't the worst of it, either. After he is full it needs two more weeks to get over it."-Indianapolis Journal.

> Yellow Faces are not Pretty, Still less so are the symptoms of the complaint that makes faces yellow-liver trouble. It is indicated by pains in the right side and through the right shoulder blade, by nausea, vertigo, sick headache, sour breath and furred tongue. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters remove it completely, as well as constipation and dyspepsia, its associates. Prevent malaria, rheumatism and kidney complaint with this sterling remedy.

JUDGE-"Do you understand the nature of an oath?" Handy Jim-"And me livin' t'ree years in a hash boardin'-house! I say, judge, what are ye givin' us?"-Boston Tran-

As A SIMPLE YET EFFECTIVE REMEDY for Throat Affections, BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES stand first in public favor. They are absolutely unrivaled for the alleviation of all Throat irritations caused by Cold or use of the voice.

SHE-"It is rank injustice to say that a woman is inferior to a man in reasoning powers." He-"Why?" She-"Because." -Detroit Tribune.

Dr. Hozsie's Certain Croup Cure

Cures coughs and colds. No opium. No nausea. 50c. A. P. HOXSIE, Buffalo, N. Y. in the United States senate from

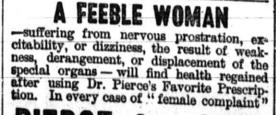
No, MY son; a doctor doesn't know everything; but he thinks you think he does .--

It seems that the good points of some peo-ple have all been broken off.-Galveston widow of the former vice president, is News.

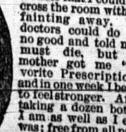
> THE Public Awards the Palm to Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for coughs. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute,

> AN Electric Spatic - Courting the tele-phone girl over the wires.-Truth.

A woman's age is about eighty-five per cent.-Cincinnati Tribune.







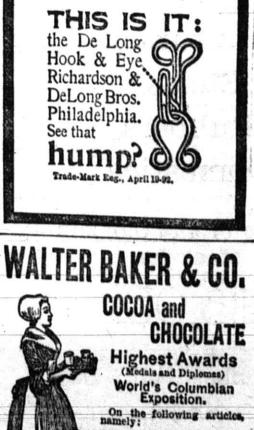
Increased Appetite is one of the first good effects felt by users of Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites. Good appetite begets

good health. Scott's Emulsion

is a fat-food that provides its own tonic. Instead of a tax upon appetite and digestion it is a wonderful help to both.

> Scott's Emulsion arrests the progress of Consumption, Bronchitis, Scrofula, and other wasting diseases by raising a barrier of healthy flesh, strength and nerve.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists



BREAKFAST COCOA. PREMIUM No. 1 CHOCOLATE, GERMAN SWEET CHOCOLATE, VANILLA CHOCOLATE, COCOA BUTTER,

For "purity of material, excellent flavor," and "unit BOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WALTER BAKER & CO., BORCHESTER, MASS.

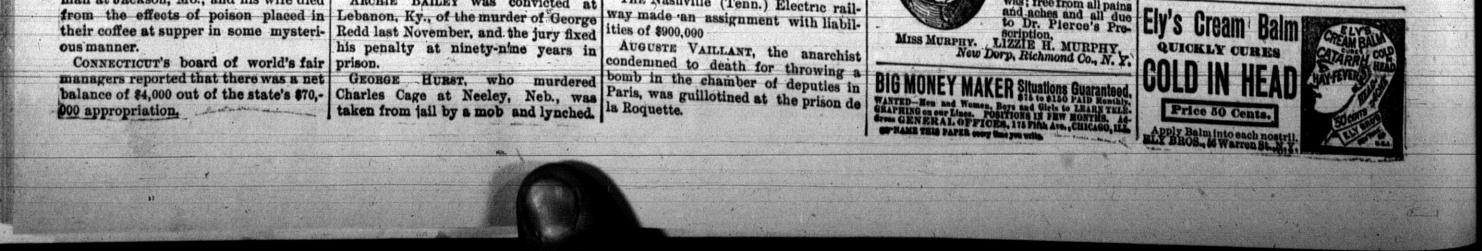
during the months of January and February. A TORNADO wrecked a church at Gate City, Ala., and four persons were killed and many others were injured.

caps.

MRS. MARY WRAY celebrated her 102d birthday at Fairbury, Ill. Five generations were present, representing 247 years.

JOHNSON skated 220 yards at Montreal, Can., in 20 3-5 seconds, lowering the record for that distance.

Two HUNDRED negro converts were baptised through a hole cut in the canal ice at Indianapolis, Ind.





and dandle her, on my knee, Or, with head on my breast, she lies.

She's a broad, white brow, unwrinkled, set In an aureole of gold; And her lips, like a red, red rose, dew wet, Or a bunch of fragrant mignonette, Do enchanted sweetness hold.

Of her teeth, I've never a word to say, For in sooth, she has none yet, But there will be pearls "of the purest ray By her fairy godmother brought some day From the sea, in a silver net.

No circlet of diamonds weareth she, She's a princess, ne'ertheless; No gown of silken embroidery Hides her tiny figures' symmetry, But a simple, snowy dress

Falleth softly down to her wee, wee feet. And down to the dimpled hand That, with infantine grace, she lifts to meet The lips she knoweth so ready to greet It with kisses, as tenderly sweet As were ever in demand.

O baby Louise, you have won me quite, With your eyes, that like twin stars shine; By your face, with winsomeness all alight From its perfect chin. to its brow snow white So I choose you "My Valentine."

-Surah L. Morris, in Inter Ocean.



good joke to his sister Ruth, who had asleep to dream of being shut up in a of joy as her eyes were full of tears. black eyes and a lively temper of her own, and she told the other girls, considering it anything but a joke, and that was what caused all the flutter. Now Ruth couldn't make biscuits, and she had always thought Jo just a little better than ordinary mortals, and to have him come down to biscuits. and then to throw out such a remark as that to her brother! He probably meant to have Jimmie tell her.

Ruth told the girls at the next social, and, with her eyes flashing, declared she wished she could bake, but she find that the sun shone, and also that couldn't, and she hated dough; but if his head ached. she could make biscuits she'd make a wouldn't send another valentine as long as she lived. But when the summer came and the girls, not forgetting there." the fling at their lack of ability, took to refusing him when invited to picnics or other places of amusements, Ruth was sorry, and yet glad, for she couldn't stop liking him all at once, even if she tried her best. So when the anniversary came again she decided she would just send as always and not mind what had probably thoughtlessly been said. No one knew why the daughters of

the several households were so anxious to learn to make bread, but it was a fact that every girl in town suddenly developed a desire to relieve her mother of the biscuit making. And yet, not every one; for little Ruth Hazen declared she couldn't and wouldn't, and stuck to the china painting which she sent regularly to Rockland, and which brought her more money than carloads of biscuits would have done.

Valentine's day brought only one valentine for Jo, and he opened it wondering if his friends had forgotten that it was his birthday, or whether they thought it time to drop the old custom. He wondered who had remembered him. The roses looked like some he had every year, half blown and always pink. Ruth Hazen always wanted a bunch of the blush roses by the door, and he remembered so well how she buried her face in the last ones he had carried to her-yes, it must Grace Eames had refused to ride with near at hand. nings was him last summer, giving a good reason,

tower and not allowed anything but Now she could say what she had been biscuits to eat or sleep on, and the only trying to ever since they started. "I thing he could see for miles were fields have felt so badly that I couldn't of biscuits in all shades of brown, which he was told he must eat as fast as they ripened. Then he saw Ruth, with her hair flying wildly about her face, and, when he looked closely, he found that what he thought hair was only hundreds of valentines, and when he tried to take them off her head she suddenly turned into a plump biscuit, and the astonishment awoke him, to

"I wish you'd go over to the mills bushel and smother him. So now! She this morning and see about that grain," cried at home, and thought it very said Martha, when he came down comunkind of Jo, and declared she plaining of such a dismal headache. "The air'll do you good, and you can take Ruth along. You go right by

> Ruth's eyes were red when she came to the door, for she had secretly shed tears that she had not tried to learn breadmaking, so as to have had her dozen with the rest which she knew must be reposing on the pantry shelves in the Jennings house. She had told herself a hundred times she didn't care, but it didn't alter the feeling in the least, and she knew every time she repeated it that deep in her heart she did care a good deal. Yes, she would go, and as she pinned on the jaunty black hat with its red wing, and tucked her hands in a wee muff, she thought to herself there might be some chance to explain why she hadn't done as well as

the rest of the girls. There had been little snow this year. and the ground was hard and smooth. Only a few drifts by the roadside and in the fields, and these were fast going in the bright sunlight. The black horse was in high spirits, the air was clear. Jo's headache drifted away, Ruth was so pretty to look at, and his mother liked her so well-

"You haven't heard a word I said!" "Well, when I get old and feeble, I want to have a few of my senses left, and so while I had such good use for my eyes I thought I would let my ears rest."

Ruth laughed, but she would not look at him again, for she had seen the have been Ruth. Puzzled and a little love in his eyes when she did look, and troubled at the dearth of valentines, he she decided that the view toward the knew not what to make of it. Then hills was better for her than the one so

"Did you know I had but one valen-

send when I found you didn't like valentines-" "But I do,"

"Well, you said you didn't s'pose one of the girls could make biscuits, and we declared we'd like to smother you in them-"

"That explains it. I couldn't think what I had done to bring down a flood of that kind. Well, I was overwhelmed if not smothered."

"But I can't make biscuits and-" "If you could see the stacks at home, sixteen dozen of them, you wouldn't wonder that I say with emphasis, I'm glad you can't!"

Ruth turned with laughing eyes: "Then I needn't apologize?"

"No, indeed. I like valentines beter than biscuits, but I guess it needed just that to show me that I did."

"Sixteen dozen! What are you going o do with them all?"

"Take you home with me to help eat them. You haven't answered my question yet."

"I'm too young," but a bright blush was on the face turned again to the hills.

Jo laughed, liking her shy ways, yet sure that he had seen favor in her eyes. He wished he could surprise her into turning this way again. "Yes, I think I am too young. Why, I'm only thirty; but we can both be growing older as fast as we can, and by next June we shall be old enough."

He insisted that her aid was necessary in consuming those biscuits, so they stopped to tell Mrs. Hazen. What she could have seen in his face I cannot tell, but she went into the house with the remark that it "wouldn't be the last meal Ruth would eat in the Jennings house."

He lifted her from the carriage with a mute caress, and, leaving the black pony to walk leisurely into the open door of the barn, he led Ruth into the sunny sitting-room where his mother sat in her cushioned easy-chair, and said: "I have brought home a valentine, mother. One I am going to keep,' and while she drew the blushing face down to hers with her thin, white hands and kissed it, Jo went out hurriedly to look after the pony and whisper in her ear that he was so happy. of course, but one that he knew could time this year?" with a peculiar em- Meeting Martha on the way he stopped

LOCAL OPTION LAW VALID.

Judge Buck, of Kalamazoo, Renders an Important Decision.

In the mandamus case of Fred. H. Giddings against H. K. Wells, brought to test the legality of the local option law. Judge Buck, of Kalamazoo, has fied his opinion denying a writ. He says:

"I have examined with care the affidavit and return the suggestions which have been made with reference thereto by counsel; and while there may be some doubts with reference to the adoption of the law I feel it my duty to solve them in favor of the validity of the proceedings taken to adopt the law and to hold that the local option law is in force; and I am also impelled to this ruling because of the importance of the questions at stake as well as because a speedy review can be had before the supreme court and a decision arrived at which will be of great value in the state and finally settle what has hitherto been a mooted question.

Hanged Himself.

One year ago Jesse Hart, of Charlotte, suffered a severe attack of la grippe, from which he never entirely recovered. Since then he had been given to spells of despondency, and while suffering from an aberration of mind took his life. He had no financial or domestic troubles and no other cause could be assigned. He was one of the early pioneers of Eaton county, having settled in Brookfield township in 1837, and had lived the life of a wealthy retired farmer in Charlotte for the past thirty years.

Husband and Wife Shot:

At the village of Robinson a man named Hawkins shot his wife and a constable and two citizens who went to arrest Hawkins were fired on by him as they neared the house. His shots failed to take effect. The constable then opened fire on Hawkins, filling his body full of buckshot. Both Hawkins and his wife were fatally wounded. Jealousy, it was said, was the cause of the shooting.

Died Worth Millions.

C. H. Buhl, aged 84 years, one of Detroit's most prominent and wealthy citizens, died at his residence after a long illness. Mr. Buhl was a leading merchant, manufacturer and banker, being among the first to move in the establishment of national banks in Detroit. He served one term as mayor and was one of the wealthiest men in the city, his fortune being estimated at

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

schoolhouse was filled with the boys and girls of the town, February 14th was as great a holiday as could be made of it with school in session, and somebody had a party, or some one got up a ride, or there was a grand popcorn frolic. In fact, there was always something going on that day, if all other days in the year should be dry as dust, though that could never be the case with forty girls and boys to make them lively. The excuse for this extra fun on the 14th was that it was Jo Jennings' birthday, and they must celebrate it; and when any of the parents tried to remonstrate the ready argument was that they didn't celebrate other birthdays, because nobody was ever born on a day they could celebrate, and with such a good reason what could be said further? All the girls sent him valentines, and all the boys wished they could change places for just that one day. As he grew older the custom remained the same, for he was, and had always been, a great favorite in the jown. The mail bag which came in on the stage that night fairly bulged with the number of missives directed to J. J. Jennings. To be sure some of the girls had married and left the town, but all who remained kept up the custom.

Everybody called him Jo, and as he came back year after year seemingly unchanged in his love for the old home, and just as cordial with all the old friends, they decided that travel could never make him other than the kindhearted friend he had ever been.

Always impartial in his treatment of the young ladies of the place, he took one to the picnic, another out driving behind the fat, black pony, still another on the harbor excursion, and a different one up the mountain after blueberries.

Everybody called his mother Aunt Judith, because she was such a lovely old lady they simply couldn't help it. A face sweet and beautiful in its youth only grew more sweet as the years made wrinkles and drew lines here and there. The eyes, always sympathetic, only filled with a deeper light of love as time fled. The hair, in earlier years a rich crown for the erect figure, only laid itself in more caressing waves about the face. Truly she had grown old gracefully. An invalid, she was cared for by her eldest daughter, Martha, who had already sent away a lover because she would not leave her home just now.

She did wish Jo would marry and bring his wife home to live. That would make all clear. Martha could Sixteen dozen biscuits in sixteen differbe happy, and she knew for herself she whom he have of the village girls before nine o'clock, each bundle conwhom he might choose for a wife. taining a scrap appropriate to the day Why didn't he care for some one? The and the unusual gift.

have been laid aside.

After supper a rattling wagon drove to the door, and its driver, after "Yes, year before last I had twenty,

phasis on the "one." "Didn't you have more last year?"

G

to tell her that Ruth would stay to dinner, but his face must have been a very telltale one, for he might just as well have said that she was to stay forever, and Martha shook hands with a hearty "I'm so glad, Jo."-Mrs. N. A. M. Roe, in Good Housekeeping.

Little Valentins.

If I searched the world over, oh, where could I find

A dainty wee blossom so much to my mind-From the bright sunny head to the little pink feet:

So perfect, so precious, so winning and sweet?

Of rose leaves and dew her cheeks seem to be made

And a tint from the skies on her soft eyes is laid.

Her hands like the petals of lilies so white, And her voice like the lark's in a morning bright

Oh, hopeless the search! but I'll tell some bright bird.

Ail the dearest and sweetest things ever were heard.

And he'll fly to my darling though winter blows cold,

And whisper the message more precious than gold.

-Elizabeth A. Davis, in Detroit Free Press.

Pronunciation.

Good old Deacon Thayer, who was school trustee in the town of Mendon, Mass., once said, when addressing the village school: "A correct pronunciation is of the utmost importance in this world and the world to come. But how many people have it? We heard three words mispronounced the other day by persons of far more than ordinary culture, and the errors are all common ones. Before 'desuetude' was dragged from its own desuetude by the president, few persons pronounced it correctly. Very many persons habitually rhyme 'squalor' with holler, and hardly anybody pronounces 'paresis' correctly."-Boston Gazette.

He Wanted to Find Out.

A little boy whose experience with levators had been a very limited one was brought to the city a few days ago by his mamma, and in the course of two or three hours' shopping the little fellow was taken up and down in different stores a good many times. Finally the two went to an office building, took chairs in a rather small room and waited.

"Where are we now, mamma?" asked the boy.

"In Uncle Rob's office."

He glanced around the rather contracted quarters, and then asked:

"When does it go up?"-Pittsburgh Chronicle.

Appropriate.

"They say flowers are the proper things to send on Valentine's day now."

"Quite sensible and appropriate for nineteenth century love."

"How so?" "They fade quickly."-Pittsburgh

over \$5,000,000.

Says Returns Were Not Altered.

Attorney General Ellis has returned to Lansing from Gogebic county and although he offers no proof to substantiate his claim insists that the 1891 returns from that county which were said to have been altered so as to increase the vote cast for the amendment trebling his salary were not tampered with by the state board. He says proof will be furnished in due time.

Badly Frozen.

W. H. Bachman, wife and four children, living near Kalamazoo, barely escaped with their lives from their burning home in their night clothes. The thermometer was 10 degrees below zero, and before reaching a neighbor's house, some distance away, two of the children were so badly frozen that their death was expected.

Health in Michigan.

During the week ended on January 27 reports sent in by fifty-three observers in various portions of the state to the state board of health indicated that pneumonia, scarlet fever and diphtheria increased in area of prevalence. Typhoid fever was reported at twentyeight places, diphtheria at twenty-six. measles at ten and scarlet fever at fifty places.

Banking Law Sustained.

The supreme court has sustained in every particular the constitution ality of the general banking law of Mich igan. The opinion particularly upholds that section of the law whereby stockholders are held liable to depositors for an additional sum equal to the par value of their stock.

Short But Newsy Items.

Mrs. Laura Biggs, who died at Vicksburg, left six children, twenty-one grandchildren and twenty great-grandchildren.

W. H. Culp, the aeronaut, pleaded guilty at Kalamazoo to passing counterfeit coin, and was held to the United States court at Grand Rapids March 6 in \$1,000 bail.

Edward Smith was arrested at Kalamazoo for attempting to pass counterfeit dollars. He is believed to belong to the W. H. Culp gang.

Wasey & Co.'s big chair factory in Detroit has resumed with the full force of 450 workmen after having been shut down since Christmas.

W. H. Culp, charged with peddling counterfeit dollars at Marshall, made a partial confession.

Albert A. Hazard, for twenty-six years a prominent merchant in Kalamazoo, died at the age of 52.

Many men who went from Marquette county to the Illinois coal mines are returning, saying that they cannot earn a living there.

Fire destroyed McKnight's market a



"I HAVE BROUGHT HOME A VALENTINE."

knocking, left on the step a bundle and last year eighteen, and now this directed to "J. J. Jennings. "There, that's the Conant's wagon, I

know; and this is Jennie's valentine." The bundle contained a dozen of the lightest biscuit ever seen, and this

rhyme: valentine I dared not make,

But biscuits by the dozen bake. Another knock, and another parcel was deposited; another dozen biscuits so like the first that they might have been made by the same hands, and this

rhyme: You told the saint I didn't know how To make a good biscuit: Just look at this, now.

ent bundles were spread on the table

year I am narrowed down to one." "Why, didn't the girls-"

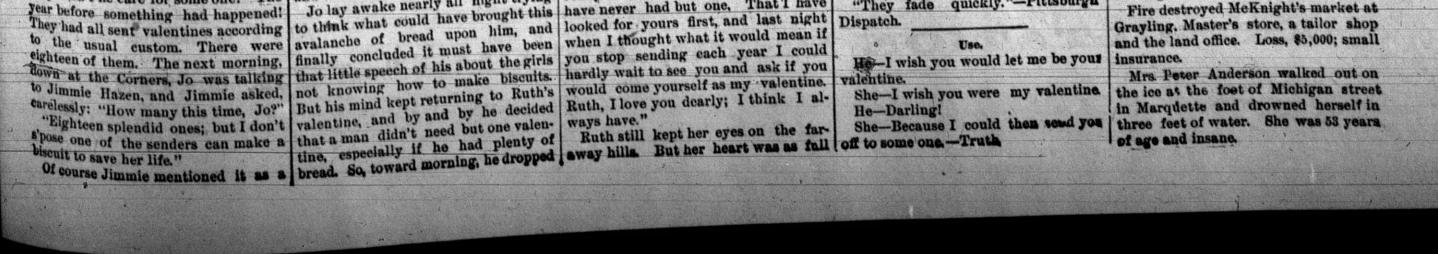
teen thought I had got beyond the age of romance and now ought to live on the solids of life, but the seventeenth still thought I might cling to a little of the romance. I am glad there is one who still holds to the old custom. It isn't nice to think one is dropped out

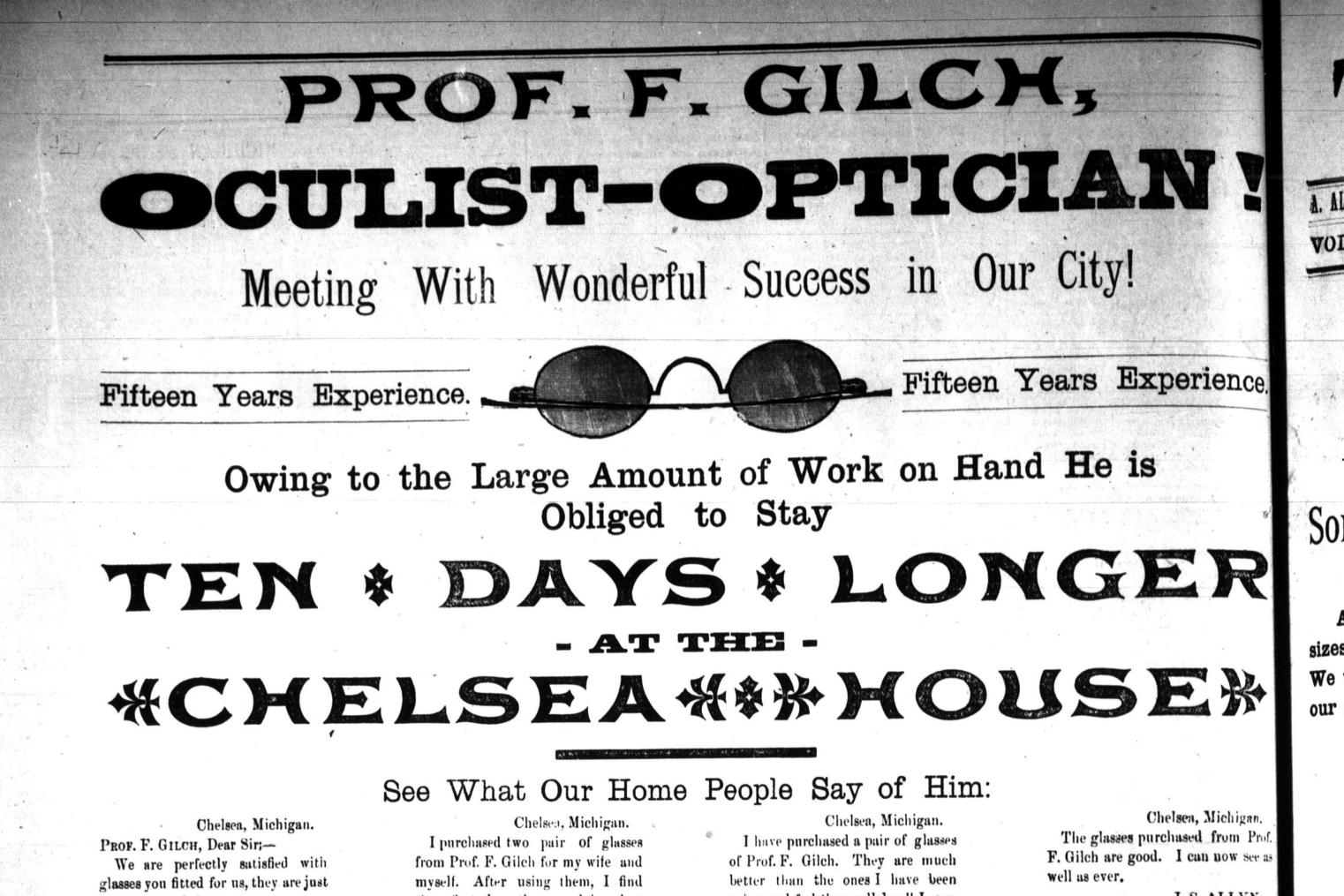
"Oh! I am sure the girls didn't mean -" she stopped, for though she might explain the meaning of the biscuit, could she explain the one valentine? "Cousin Albert told me I shouldn't

always have so many valentines, and he was right. But it is only the end of a lesson that I have been a long time learning .--- Martha says a man can have but one valentine. Now that I have Jo lay awake nearly all night trying really come down to one, I find that I

"Yes, seventeen of them did. Six-

of the old life."





as recommended. Yours very truly, SAM'L G. IVES.

Chelsea, Michigan. I wish to say your glasses are giving me much relief in reading. I am well pleased with them. I can't ask for any better.

them first-class, they are doing just as he recommended them. I believe him a man well up in his profession, and can recommend him to be of much benefit to those who are in need of his service.

FRANK STAFFAN.

using and feel they will do all I can ask for.

JAY EVERETT.

Chelsea, Michigan I have been afflicted with my eyes ever since a child. I consulted Prof.

J. S. ALLYN.

Chelsea, Michigan. To whom it may concern:

I formed the acquaintance of Prof. F. Gilch at Detroit and learned he is highly endorsed by the people of Detroit, as well skilled in his profession. I purchased a pair of glasses from him, and found them the best I ever used. With them I can read with much ease and comfort. I can faithfully recommend his skill as an oculist-optician to others.

RUSH GREEN.

Chelsea, Michigan. In answer to you I wish to say the glasses are just as you recommended. They are giving a great deal of comfort in reading. I am willing to endorse your work.

CHRIS. MCGUIRE.

Lansing, Feb.6 , 1893.

F. GILCH, Esq.,-Dear Sir : I have tried the Glasses you furnished me, and can say for them, that they please me very much; the clearness of sight through them, the glasses I find I can read much better, correctness of the style-all combine to make them very desirable to those toms that I have heretofore been needing assistance to the eye.

Yours Truly,

S. W. HOPKINS, Senator 25th District.

Lansing, Feb. 2, 1893. Prof. F. GILCH, Dear Sir : I have given your glasses a fair trial, and am ready to state they are easily, and am much pleased with perfect in every respect. I receive them. much comfort when reading with

them. J. W. GARVELINK,

Senator of the 8th Dist.

Lansing, Feb. 6th, 1893. Prof. F. GILCH, Dear Sir : I have given your Glasses a fair test, and find they suit me better ever used.

than the ones I have been using. I cheerfully recommend your glasses to others.

> WM. LUBIN, Senator 6th District.

Lansing, Feb. 8th, 1898.

Prof. F. GILCH, Dear Sir : ly recommend them as being first print by lamp-light. class. Respectfully,

R. E. FRENCH, Senator 11th District.

Lansing. Feb. 8th, 1893.

Prof. F. GILCH, Dear Sir : glasses you fitted me. They are doing just as you recommended them. JOHN F. HICKS.

Representative, Menominee. I fully concur in the above. C. M. BARNARD, Sena.or 17th District.

Chelsea, Michigan. I had been recommended to see Prof. F. Gilch as to my eyes. 1 consulted him and can say he has fitted me with a pair of glasses that are doing all that I can ask for. They are better than the ones I have been using. I am well pleased.

J. P. WOOD.

See What Our State Legislators Say:

Lansing, Feb. 7th, 1893.

Prof F GILCH, Dear Sir : deal of trouble, but since using your purchased from you are doing just and they do away with all bad symptroubled with.

W. H. McKINSTRY, Representative, 1st. Dist. Muskegon.

Lansing, Feb. 5th, 1893. Prof. F. GILCH, Dear Sir : I find your glasses are giving me much comfort. With them I read

JON. F. GILDAY, Representative 1st Dist. Monroe.

Lansing, Feb. 5th, 1893. I am pleased as well as satisfied

S. K. KINGSLEY, Jr., Representative, 3d Wayne,

Lansing, Feb. 5th, 1893

Dear Sir : The glasses purchased of you have been giving me perfect satisfaction. They are much better

L. L. CHURCH, Representative 2d Dist. Montcalm.

Lansing, Feb. 8, 1893. Prof. F. Gilch, Dear Sir :

Your glasses are really much I am very much pleased with the better than the ones I have been using, and give me much relief in reading. I am pleased, and want no better.

NORTON FITCH. Representative 3d Dist. Kent Co.

F. Gilch in regard to them, and in a few moments he determined the cause of my trouble, he fitted a pair of glasses for my eyes and I am perfectly relieved of the confusion I heretofore been troubled with, I am perfectly satisfied that he has done my eyes much good. EMMA L. GILLAM.

Prop. Chelsen House.

Lansing, Feb, 10, 1893.

Dear Sir : This is to certify that the glasses pleased as well as satisfied with them.

Lansing, Feb. 6, 1893.

In reply I wish to say, I find your glasses the best I ever used, and am willing to recommend them to those who are in need.

R. W. BAGOT, Representative of Antrim Co.

Lansing, Feb. 6th, 1893. Prof. F. GILCH, Dear Sir :

I had an occasion to use a number an Optician. of different kinds of glasses, but none gives the satisfaction yours do. to attach my testimonial to the I can now read with more ease and beneficial effect of your glasses. comfort. I freely recommend your They certainly are the best I have glasses as superior to any I have ever used.

GEO. C. GREENE, Representative, Wayne Co.

Lansing, Leb. 10th, 1893. To whom it may concern:

My eyes having been much inflamed, I consulted Prof. Gilch in regard to them. I soon learned The Eye Glasses I received from than any I ever wore. With them he is skilled in his profession, and you some time ago give me the very I can read with a great degree of placed all confidence in him. He best satisfaction, and I can cheerful- comfort and pleasure, the finest of made me a pair of glasses that are doing all I can ask for, and I find much improvement since using them

CH. H. McGINLEY, Senator 20th District.

A. R. BLAKLEY, Representative, Alpena. Lansing, Feb. 7th. 1898.

To whom it may concern : This is to certify that the Glasses that I bought of Prof. F. Gilch are been looking for. They enable me the very best I have ever had, and I to do my reading, and I find them consider them first class.

> WILLIAM MEARS, 27th Senatorial District.

Lansing, Feb. Cth, 1893. Dear Sir :

Your Glasses, I find, give more relief and comfort than any I ever used. My wife, also, is very much pleased with hers. I have spoken to a number who have purchased glasses of you, and they claim they at my desk, in reading and writing are well pleased with them. I can with little intermission for a pericheerfully recommend your skill as od of ten hours, without experien-

G. W. BOWKER, Document Keeper, Senate, Coldwater, Michigan.

Lansing, Feb. 6th, 1893. Prof. F. GILCH, Dear Sir :

My wife has given the glasses.a fair trial, and requests me to say they the eyes to the longest possible peare doing all you claim, and have riod. Very truly, given her much comfort in doing her

work. ANTHONY GLUECKLICH, 1st Dist. Wayne Co.

Lansing, Feb. 4, 1893. Dear Sir :

Lansing, Feb. 6, 1893. tainly the best we have used, and the difficulty. until I consulted I have purchased a pair of glasses will further say that the examination Prof. F. Gilch, when I soon learnfrom Prof. F. Gilch, some two years of our eyes for only a few moments ed he understood my trouble, and

to our eyes.

F. W. REDFERN, Representative, Clinton Co.

H. L. WOOD. Special Agent Mutual Life.

Lansing, Feb. 7, 1893.

Prof. F. Gilch, Dear Sir:

Your glasses are just what I have soothing to my eyes. I know of many others who are using your glasses, and all speak well of them. CHAS. D. DODGE,

Representative 2d Dist. Monroe.

Lansing, Feb. 10th, 1893. Prof. Gilch, Dear Sir:

The prescription spectacles furnished by you I have used steadily cing any unusual fatigue or dry-

ness of the eye, such as all wearers of glasses experience with impropcrly fitted lenses.

I am confident that your method of diognising is correct, and calculated to preserve the strength of

WM. M. CLARK, Man'g Editor State Republican.

Lansing, Feb. 10th, 1893. Prof. F. Gilch, Dear Sir:

My eyes have given me a great The two pairs of glasses fitted by deal of trouble, and was not able you for my wife and myself are cer. to find glasses that would correct ago, and found them the best I ever enabled you to determine the kind adapted a pair of glasses suitable. used. I can recommend them to of glasses necessary as the best aid They give me much relief, and are

well suited to my eyes. JESSE D. CRANE,

fore

gett

who

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A. S. ROSE, Representative Iosco Dist.

Dear Sir:

